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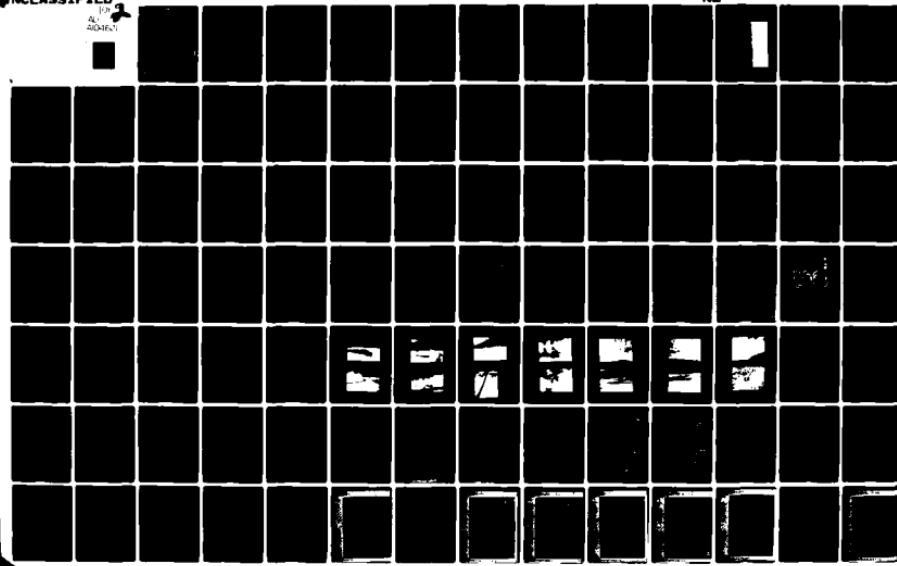
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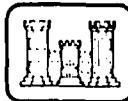
LEVEL

MISSOURI · KANSAS CITY RIVER BASIN

PERRY PHILIPS DAM
BOONE COUNTY, MISSOURI
MO. 10019

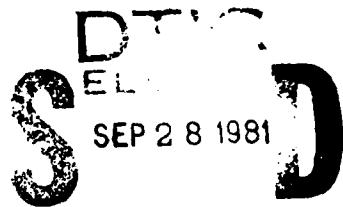
PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

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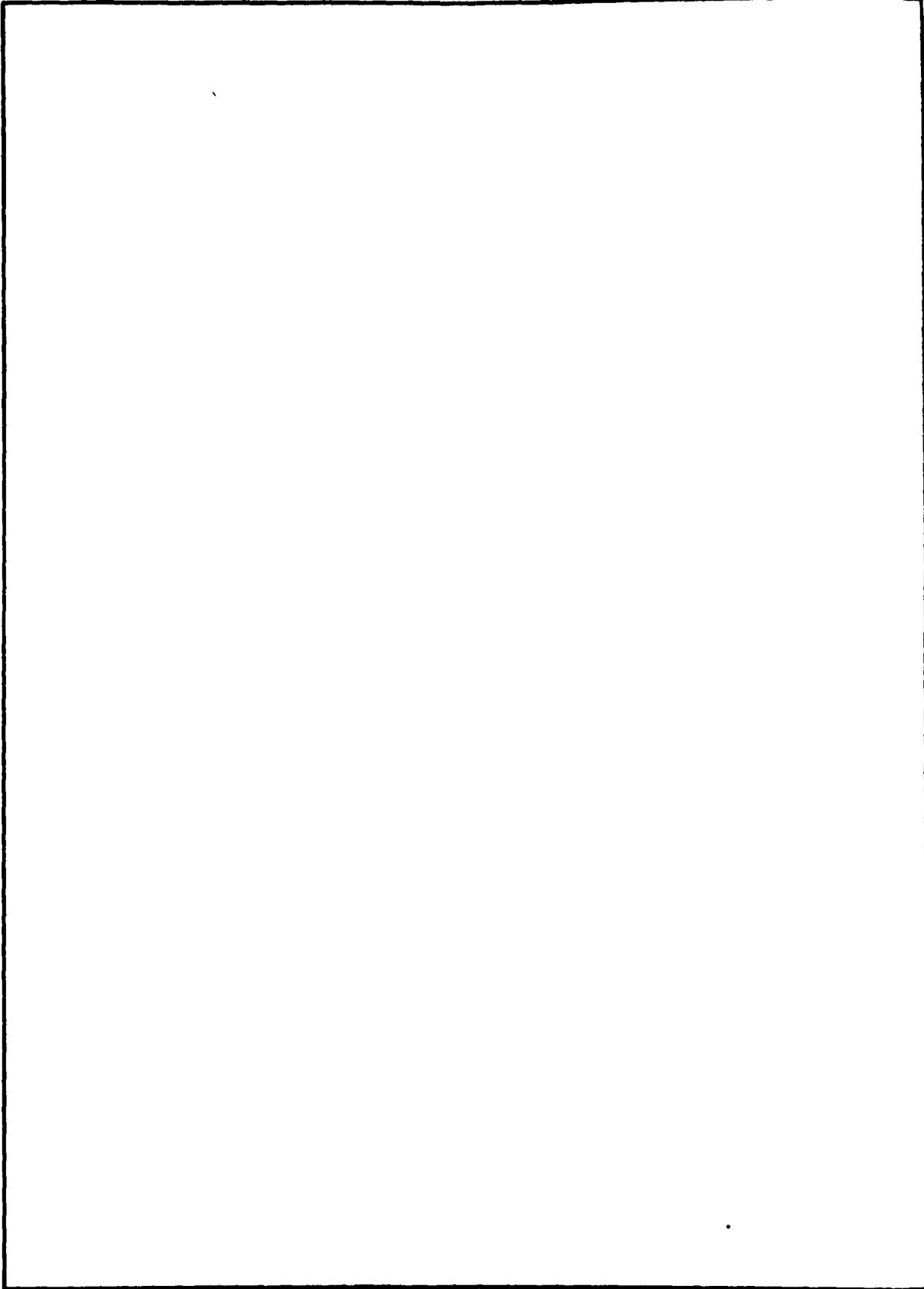
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ATTENTION OF

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
ST. LOUIS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
210 TUCKER BOULEVARD, NORTH
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63101

SUBJECT: Perry Philips Dam (Mo. 10019) Phase I Inspection Report

This report presents the results of field inspection and evaluation of the Perry Philips Dam (Mo. 10019).

It was prepared under the National Program of Inspection of Non-Federal Dams.

This dam has been classified as unsafe, non-emergency by the St. Louis District as a result of the application of the following criteria:

- 1) Spillway will not pass 50 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood
- 2) Overtopping could result in dam failure
- 3) Dam failure significantly increases the hazard to loss of life downstream

SIGNED

SUBMITTED BY:

Chief, Engineering Division

09 OCT 1980

Date

SIGNED

APPROVED BY:

Colonel, CE, District Engineer

10 OCT 1980

Date

PERRY PHILIPS DAM
BOONE COUNTY, MISSOURI

MISSOURI INVENTORY NO. 10019

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Perry Philips Dam (~~Inventory Number~~ MO-10019)
Missouri-Kansas City River Basin.
Boone County, Missouri. Phase I Inspection
Report.

PREPARED BY

CONSOER, TOWNSEND AND ASSOCIATES, LTD.

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

AND

PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

ENGLEWOOD, COLORADO

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam: Perry Philips Dam, Missouri Inv. No. 10019
State Located: Missouri
County Located: Boone
Stream: An unnamed tributary of the Clear Creek
Date of Inspection: June 3, 1980

Assessment of General Condition

Perry Philips Dam was inspected by the engineering firms of Consoer, Townsend and Associates, Ltd. and PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc. (A Joint Venture) of St. Louis, Missouri according to the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers "Engineer Regulation No. 1110-2-106" and additional guidelines furnished by the St. Louis District of the Corps of Engineers. Based upon the criteria in the guidelines, the dam is in the high hazard potential classification, which means that loss of life and appreciable property damage could occur in the event of failure of the dam. Within the estimated damage zone of six miles downstream of the dam are three dwellings, one building, and three sheds, all of which may be subjected to flooding, with possible damage and/or destruction, and possible loss of life. Perry Philips Dam is in the intermediate size classification since it is less than 100 feet but greater than 40 feet in height.

Our inspection and evaluation indicate that the reservoir/spillway system of Perry Phlips Dam does not meet the criteria set forth in the guidelines for a dam having the above size and hazard potential. Perry Philips Dam being an intermediate size dam with a high hazard potential is required by the guidelines to be able to pass the

Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) without dathout overtopping the dam. Therefore, the appropriate spillway design flood for Perry Philips Dam is considered to be the PMF. It was determined that the reservoir/spillway system can accommodate approximately 12 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood before overtopping of the dam occurs. Our evaluation also indicates that the reservoir/spillway system will not accommodate the one-percent chance flood (100-year flood) without overtopping the dam.

The Probable Maximum Flood is defined as the flood discharge that may be expected from the most severe combination of critical meteorological and hydrologic conditions that are reasonably possible in the region.

Perry Philips Dam and its appurtenant structures are in satisfactory condition. However, some deficiencies were noted by the inspection team which could affect the safety of the dam and appurtenant structures. These items are as follows: the possible seepage downstream of the toe, the trees on the downstream slope, the erosion due to wave action on the upstream slope, the accumulation of moss and other debris on the crest of the service spillway, the rutting in the emergency spillway, a need for periodic inspection by a qualified engineer and a lack of a maintenance schedule. The lack of seepage and stability analyses on record is also a deficiency that should be corrected.

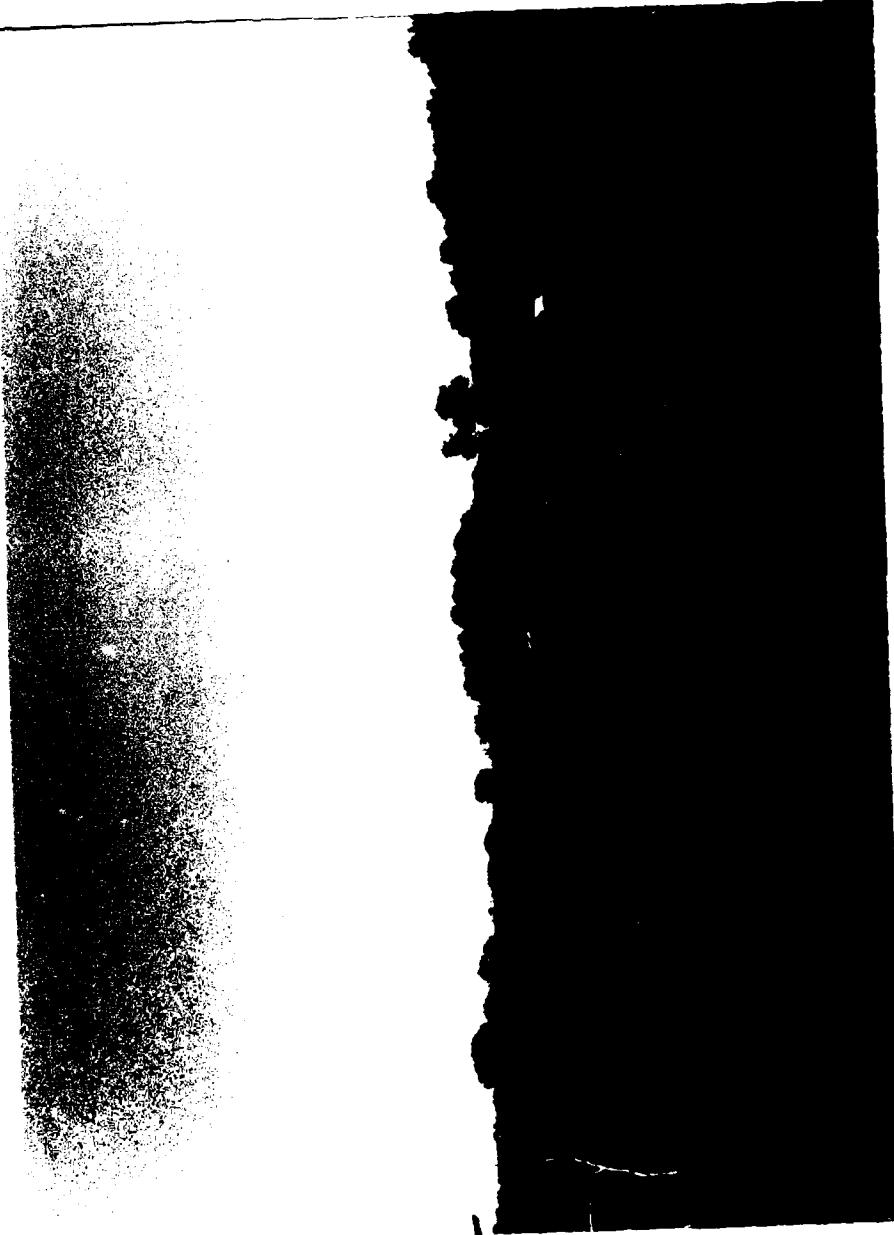
It is recommended that the owner take immediate action to correct the major inadequacy of the reservoir/spillway system to pass the Probable Maximum Flood. Remedial measures should also be taken to correct or control the other deficiencies described above in the near future.



Walter G. Shifrin, P.E.



Overview of Perry Phillips Dam



NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

PERRY PHILIPS DAM, I.D. No. 10019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Sect. No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
SECTION 1	PROJECT INFORMATION	1
	1.1 General	1
	1.2 Description of Project	2
	1.3 Pertinent Data	7
SECTION 2	ENGINEERING DATA	10
	2.1 Design	10
	2.2 Construction	10
	2.3 Operation	11
	2.4 Evaluation	11
SECTION 3	VISUAL INSPECTION	13
	3.1 Findings	13
	3.2 Evaluation	19

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(Continued)

<u>Sect. No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
SECTION 4	OPERATION PROCEDURES	21
4.1	Procedures	21
4.2	Maintenance of Dam	21
4.3	Maintenance of Operating Facilities	21
4.4	Description of Any Warning System in Effect	21
4.5	Evaluation	22
SECTION 5	HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC	23
5.1	Evaluation of Features	23
SECTION 6	STRUCTURAL STABILITY.	27
6.1	Evaluation of Structural Stability.	27
SECTION 7	ASSESSMENT/REMEDIAL MEASURES.	29
7.1	Dam Assessment	29
7.2	Remedial Measures.	31

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(Continued)

LIST OF PLATES

	<u>Plate No.</u>
LOCATION MAP	1
PLAN AND ELEVATION OF DAM	2
EMBANKMENT SECTION AND SPILLWAY PROFILE	3
SCS DESIGN DRAWING	4
GEOLOGIC MAP	5-6
SEISMIC ZONE MAP	7

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A - PHOTOGRAPHS

APPENDIX B - HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

PERRY PHILIPS DAM, Missouri Inv. No. 10019

SECTION I: PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

a. Authority

The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367 of August, 1972, authorizes the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a national program of dam inspections. Inspection for Perry Philips Dam was carried out under Contract DACW 43-80-C-0094 between the Department of the Army, St. Louis District, Corps of Engineers, and the engineering firms of Consoer, Townsend & Associates, Ltd., and PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc. (A Joint Venture), of St. Louis, Missouri.

b. Purpose of Inspection

The visual inspection of Perry Philips Dam was made on June 3, 1980. The purpose of the inspection was to make a general assessment regarding the structural integrity and operational adequacy of the dam embankment and its appurtenant structures.

c. Scope of Report

This report summarizes available pertinent data relating to the project, provides a summary of visual observations made during the field inspection, gives an assessment of hydrologic and hydraulic conditions at the site, presents an evaluation of the

structural adequacy of the various project features and appraises the general condition of the dam with respect to safety.

Subsurface investigations, laboratory testing and detailed analyses were not within the scope of this study. No warranty as to the absolute safety of the project features is implied by the conclusions presented in this report.

It should be noted that in this report reference to the left or right abutments is viewed looking downstream. Where left abutment or left side of the dam is used in this report, this also refers to the south abutment or side, and right to the north abutment or side.

d. Evaluation Criteria

The inspection and evaluation of the dam is performed in accordance with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers "Engineer Regulation No. 1110-2-106" and additional guidelines furnished by the St. Louis District office of the Corps of Engineers for Phase 1 Dam Inspection.

1.2 Description of the Project

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances

The following description is based exclusively upon observations and measurements made during the visual inspection and from conversations with Mr. Perry Philips, the owner. One design drawing was located and is included in this report (see Plate 4). Any discrepancies between our field notes and the design drawing are noted in Section 2.1 in this report. No major discrepancies were observed.

The dam is a homogeneous, rolled, earthfill structure between earthen abutments, and consists of two straight portions angled at approximately 35° to each other. Photos 1 through 5 show views of the embankment. The major portion of the embankment has a bearing of approximately N 10° E and an axis length of 595 feet between the emergency spillway and the point of intersection of the two axes. The other portion has a bearing of approximately N 45° E and an axis length of 340 feet between the point of intersection of the two axes and the right abutment. The top of dam has a width of 15 feet and a total length of 935 feet between the emergency spillway and the right abutment. The top of dam slopes upward from the emergency spillway to the point of intersection of the two axes with a total elevation gain of approximately 2.4 feet; from this point of intersection to the right abutment it drops 0.8 feet in elevation (see Plate 2). The minimum elevation of the top of dam is approximately 771 feet above mean sea level (M.S.L.). The maximum structural height of the dam was measured to be approximately 44 feet. The upstream slope above the water surface varies from 1 vertical to 3 horizontal (1V to 3H) to near vertical. The downstream slope was measured as 1V to 2.25H. A 15-foot wide and 12- to 15-feet deep core trench was to be excavated into bedrock, parallel to the dam axis, according to the design drawing. Mr. Philips stated that the core trench was indeed constructed.

The double spillway system is located within the left section of the embankment. The emergency spillway is cut into the embankment at the left abutment and the service spillway is 295 feet to the right of the emergency spillway.

The service spillway consists of a 12-inch welded steel pipe laid perpendicularly through the embankment. The pipe is set on a 25 percent grade and is 145 feet in length, according to field measurements; it connects to an approximately 2-foot high, 21-inch diameter steel standpipe at the inlet end. The system functions as a drop inlet (see Photo 6). It is of Soil Conservation Service design and, according to the drawing given to the inspection team,

the design includes three 5-foot square collars welded to the pipe. A steel plate about 10 feet in length and one foot wide is welded vertically across the inlet pipe in order to act as an anti-vortex device (see Photos 6 and 7). The service spillway crest elevation is assumed to be 769 feet above M.S.L.

The emergency spillway control section is cut as a trapezoidal area into the left side of the dam at the left abutment and functions as an open channel (see Photo 10); according to field measurements, the top width is 64 feet, the bottom width is 36 feet, and the side slopes vary between 1V to 5H and 1V to 12H. The elevation of the crest is 769.75 feet above M.S.L. placing it 9 inches above the crest of the service spillway and 2.65 feet below the top of dam at the maximum section. When the water spills over the emergency spillway crest, it flows over a 46 foot long flat area, including a gravel road, and then spreads out into a type of sheet flow on an approximately 3 percent grade before eventually finding its way to the downstream channel (see Photo 11).

No low level drains or outlet works were provided for this dam.

b. Location

Perry Philips Dam is located in Boone County of the State of Missouri on an unnamed tributary of Clear Creek. The dam is located approximately 4.5 miles southeast of Columbia. There are no downstream communities. The dam is located in the southeast portion of Section 32 of Range 12 West, Township 48 North as shown on the Columbia, Missouri Quadrangle (7.5 minute series) sheet.

c. Size Classification

Perry Philips Dam impounds less than 1000 acre-feet and more than 50 acre-feet which classifies it as a "small" size dam. However, the maximum structural height of the dam is less than 100 feet but greater than 40 feet which classifies it as an "intermediate" size dam. The size classification is determined by either the storage or the height, whichever option gives the larger size category. Therefore, the size classification is determined to fall within the "intermediate" category, according to the "Engineer Regulation No. 1110-2-106, Appendix D" by the U.S. Department of the Army, Office of the Chief Engineer.

d. Hazard Classification

The dam has been classified as having a "high" hazard potential in the National Inventory of Dams, on the basis that in the event of failure of the dam or its appurtenances, excessive damage could occur to downstream property, together with the possibility of the loss of life. From a visual inspection of the downstream area, our findings concur with this classification. There are three dwellings, one building and three sheds within the estimated damage zone, which extends approximately six miles downstream of the dam (see Photos 13 and 14).

e. Ownership

Perry Philips Dam is privately owned by Mr. Perry Philips. His mailing address is as follows: Mr. Perry Philips, Box 978, Columbia, Missouri 65205.

f. Purpose of Dam

Perry Philips Dam was constructed to impound water for recreational use.

g. Design and Construction History

According to the present owner, Mr. Perry Philips, the dam was designed by Bernard G. Browning of the Soil Conservation Service in 1962. One design drawing was made available from the Soil Conservation Service and is included as part of this report.

According to Mr. Philips, the dam was constructed by Twehous Excavation Co. of Jefferson City, Missouri.

h. Normal Operational Procedures

Normal procedure for the Perry Philips Dam is to allow the reservoir to remain as full as possible while the water level is controlled by rainfall, runoff, evaporation and the elevation of the service spillway crest.

1.3

Pertinent Data

a. Drainage Area (square miles): 0.55

b. Discharge at Damsite

Estimated experienced maximum flood (cfs): Unknown

Estimated ungated spillway capacity with reservoir at top of dam elevation (cfs): 149

c. Elevation (Feet above MSL)

Top of dam (minimum): 771.0

Spillway crest:

 Service Spillway 769.0 (Assumed)

 Emergency Spillway 769.75

Normal Pool: 769.0

Maximum Experienced Pool: >769.75

Observed Pool: 769.0

d. Reservoir

Length of pool with water surface
at top of dam elevation (feet): 2300

e. Storage (Acre-Feet)

Top of dam (minimum): 437

Spillway crest:

 Service Spillway 366

 Emergency Spillway 394

Normal Pool: 366

Maximum Experienced Pool: Unknown

Observed Pool: 366

f. Reservoir Surfaces (Acres)

Top of dam (minimum): 39

Spillway crest:

 Service Spillway 31

Emergency Spillway	35
Normal Pool:	31
Maximum Experienced Pool:	Unknown
Observed Pool:	31

g. Dam

Type:	Rolled, Earthfill
Length:	935 feet
Structural Height:	44 feet
Hydraulic Height:	44 feet
Top width:	15 feet
Side slopes:	
Downstream	1V to 2.25H (measured)
Upstream	1V to 3H to near vertical (measured, above water surface)
Zoning:	Homogeneous
Impervious core:	NA
Cutoff:	A core trench with 15-foot bottom width and side slopes of 1H to 1V. Excavated to bedrock. (According to design drawing).
Grout curtain:	No
Freeboard above normal reservoir level:	2 feet (minimum)
Volume:	59,497 cu.yds. (from design drawing)

h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel. . . . None

i. Spillway

Type:	
Service Spillway	Drop inlet, uncontrolled
Emergency Spillway	Earthcut channel, uncontrolled
Length of crest:	
Service Spillway	5.5 feet, (21-inch diameter standpipe)

Emergency Spillway 36.0 feet

Crest Elevation (feet above MSL):

Service Spillway 769.0

Emergency Spillway 769.75

j. Regulating Outlets None

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design

One design drawing was made available for use in this report (see Plate 4). The Soil Conservation Service supplied the drawing and was also responsible for the design of the dam and appurtenant structures. The drawing was dated September 21, 1962 and revisions were made to the drawing in August of 1963.

According to the design drawing, the downstream slope was 1V to 2H, and the service spillway conduit was 138 feet; however, field measurements resulted in a downstream slope of 1V to 2.25H and a spillway conduit length of 145 feet. The design also utilized a hooded pipe structure instead of a drop inlet structure.

2.2 Construction

No data are available concerning the construction of the dam and appurtenant structures, other than the design drawing, and the information obtained from Mr. Philips.

According to Mr. Philips, the compaction of the embankment was achieved by the activity of the earthmoving equipment across the embankment. No compaction control was employed. A core trench was excavated to bedrock (limestone) parallel to the dam axis; this corresponds to what is shown on the design drawing. The trench has a bottom width of 15 feet and side slopes of 1V to 1H, as shown on the design drawing.

2.3

Operation

No operational data are available for Perry Philips Dam.

2.4

Evaluation

a. Availability

The availability of engineering data is somewhat lacking and consists of only one design drawing, a Soil Survey for Boone County published by the Soil Conservation Service, State Geological Maps, and U.S.G.S. quadrangle sheets. No information was available on construction or operation of the dam, other than the information obtained from Mr. Philips.

b. Adequacy

The available engineering data did not allow for a definitive review and evaluation. Therefore, the adequacy of this dam could not be assessed from the standpoint of reviewing and evaluating design, operation and construction data, but is based primarily on visual inspection, past performance and present condition of the dam. Seepage and stability analyses comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" were not available, which is considered a deficiency. These seepage and stability analyses should be performed for appropriate loading conditions (including earthquake loads) and made a matter of record.

c. Validity

The only valid engineering data is the one design drawing obtained from the Soil Conservation Service. From field measurements, the dam appears to have been basically constructed according to the available design drawing with only minor discrepancies which are noted in Section 2.1. The only discrepancy that might have some

effect on the safety of the dam and appurtenant structures would be the use of the drop inlet structure instead of the hooded pipe structure. This appears to have changed the design freeboard from 3.1 feet to a minimum of approximately 2 feet.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

a. General

A visual inspection of the Perry Philips Dam was made on June 3, 1980. The following persons were present during the inspection:

Name	Affiliation	Disciplines
Mark Haynes, P.E.	PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc.	Project Engineer, Soils and Mechanical
Jerry Kenny	PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc.	Hydraulics and Hydrology
Kenneth Bullard, P.E.	PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc.	Hydraulics and Hydrology
Robert McLaughlin, P.E.	PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc.	Civil
Razi Quraishi, R.P.G.	PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc.	Geology
Kevin Blume	Consoer, Townsend & Assoc., Ltd.	Civil and Structural
Perry Philips	Owner	

Specific observations are discussed below.

b. Dam

The overall condition of the dam appears to be satisfactory. However, some items of concern were observed and are described below.

The top of dam supports a gravel access road (see Photos 2 and 3). No tire ruts or depressions, which are sometimes associated with vehicular traffic across earthen structures were observed. The difference in elevation along the top of dam did not appear to be due to an instability of the embankment. According to the design drawing, an additional layer of soil, up to 4 feet thick, was placed on the top of dam in order to allow for settlement of the embankment and foundation materials. Therefore, the difference in elevation is possibly due to the nonoccurrence of the anticipated settlement in the embankment and foundation. No depressions indicating a localized settlement of the embankment were observed. No cracks or misalignment, other than the change in the alignment as originally constructed, in either the vertical or horizontal directions were apparent. According to Mr. Philips, the dam has never been overtopped and no evidence indicating the contrary was observed.

Dumped riprap was seen on the upstream slope in some areas, however, the slope does not appear to be adequately protected against wave erosion. The upstream slope has undergone some erosion due to wave action. Erosional scarps due to wave action were observed along the slope extending from the water surface to approximately the top of dam in some areas. According to Mr. Philips, canary reed grass was planted along the shoreline recently to try to prevent further erosion of the slope. The slope appeared to be adequately protected against surface runoff by a heavy, unmaintained grass cover. No depressions, bulges or cracks indicative of major slope or foundation movement were observed.

The downstream slope is adequately protected against surface runoff by a tall, unmaintained grass cover. No major surface erosion was observed. Several large trees were observed growing on the slope. One area of possible seepage was observed near the bend in the embankment starting at the toe of the slope and extending downstream of the toe. Moist boggy ground, standing water and cattails were observed in the area of possible seepage. The biggest portion of the area is located approximately 60 feet downstream of the toe and is approximately 120 feet long and 50 feet wide (see Photo 5). No measurable seepage was observed. No bulges, depressions or cracks indicative of major slope or foundation movement were observed. A comprehensive inspection of the slope, however, was hampered due to the tall grass cover.

Both abutments are at approximately the same elevation as the average top of dam. Both abutments appear to be adequately protected against erosion. No instabilities or seepage areas were observed on either abutment.

No evidence of burrowing animals was observed on either of the abutments or the embankment. According to Mr. Philips, they have had muskrat problems in the reservoir in the past, however, the muskrats are trapped during the winter months when present.

c. Project Geology and Soils

(1) Project Geology

The damsite is located on an unnamed tributary of Clear Creek in the Dissected Till Plains Section of the central Lowland Physiographic Province. Loess-mantled Kansas drift covers the surface of most of the Dissected Till Plains Section. This section is distinguished from the Young Drift Section to the north and from the Till Plains on the east by the stage it has reached in the post-glacial erosion cycle. Broadly generalized, this section is a nearly flat till plain submature to mature in its erosion cycle.

The topography at the damsite is rolling with V- to U-shaped valleys. Elevation ranges from 760 feet above M.S.L. at the damsite to 800 feet nearly 0.25 miles south of the damsite. The reservoir slopes are generally between 5° and 10° from the horizontal. The area near the damsite is covered with slope wash deposits of glacial-fluvial and loess origins consisting of yellowish brown clayey silt.

The regional bedrock geology beneath the glacial outwash deposits in the damsite area, as shown on Geologic Map of Missouri (1979) (see Plate 5), consists of Pennsylvanian age undifferentiated rocks, Pennsylvanian Marmaton-Cherokee Group rocks (cyclic deposits of shale, limestone, and sandstone), Mississippian age Burlington Limestone (cherty, grayish brown, sandy limestone), Devonian age rocks of the Sulphur Spring Group (Glen Park Limestone and Grassy Creek Shale), and Ordovician age rocks consisting of St. Peter Sandstone and Powell Dolomite. The predominant bedrock near the site vicinity underlying the glacial-fluvial deposits are the Pennsylvanian Marmaton-Cherokee Group, and the Mississippian Burlington Limestone. Inlet and outlet areas of the unnamed tributary of Clear Creek contain Quaternary alluvium. No outcropping of bedrock was seen at the site.

No faults have been identified in the vicinity of the damsite. The closest trace of a fault to the damsite is the Fox Hollow Fault nearly 10 miles south of the damsite. The Fox Hollow Fault had its last movement in post-Mississippian time. Thus, the fault has no effect on the dam.

Perry Philips Dam consists of a homogeneous, earthfill embankment, a drop inlet service spillway with a metallic outlet pipe located at the maximum section of the embankment and the emergency spillway located near the left abutment.

Based on the design drawing from the Soil Conservation Service, and conversations with the owner, Mr. Perry Philips, the embankment rests on the glacial-fluvial deposits with a core trench excavated to the Burlington Limestone bedrock. According to the boring logs on the design drawing, the limestone bedrock was encountered at depths of 5 to 10 feet below the top of overlying glacial-fluvial deposit. The service spillway metallic outlet pipe and the drop inlet structure rest on compacted embankment fill (dark brown, fine, sandy silt to brown, clayey silt). The emergency spillway was cut into the compacted embankment fill.

(2) Project Soils

According to the "Soil Survey for Boone County, Missouri" published by the Soil Conservation Service in 1962, the common soils in the general area of the dam belong to the Thin Loess Timber:Weldon-Union association. From the Boone County soil maps, the soils at the damsite consist of the Lindley loam and clay loam, the Sharon silt loam and the Union silt loam, and silty clay loam. These soils are basically formed from glacial till, alluvium, and weathered rock. The Lindley soil is generally quite susceptible to erosion. If the Lindley soil type was used in the embankment, the potential of failure of the embankment would be increased due to erosion during overtopping.

Materials removed from the embankment appeared to be a light brown, clayey silt with traces of fine to medium sand. Based upon the Unified Soil Classification System, the soil would probably be classified as an ML. This is an impervious soil type which generally has the following characteristics: a coefficient of permeability less than 50 feet per year; medium to low shear strength, and intermediate to low resistance to piping.

d. Appurtenant Structures

(1) Service Spillway

There is much floating moss and organic debris which floats toward the shoreline (see Photo 7) where it gathers; as it does so, it also gathers around the inlet standpipe and the metal posts in the vicinity (see Photo 6). Since there is not a trashrack included in the inlet system, the moss, weeds, etc., begin to grow and hang over the crest of the standpipe. The pipe does not appear to have a protective coating; also, the anti-vortex device has no protective coating and is presently rusting. The entire outlet opening of the conduit was underwater on the day of the inspection (see Photo 8).

(2) Emergency Spillway

The crest of the emergency spillway is well protected with a grass cover and an apparently well compacted gravel road. The discharge area is also well protected with a grass cover (see Photos 10 and 11). The approach channel area of the open channel crest has some rutting and the grass cover in general is somewhat sparse. The ruts appear to be from vehicular wheels and were filled with water on the day of inspection, although the ruts were somewhat above the reservoir water level. Although the emergency spillway has been used by excess reservoir flows on a few occasions in the past, it appears that no damage has been sustained.

(3) Outlet Works

There were no regulated outlet works or low level drain pipes constructed for this dam.

e. Reservoir Area

The reservoir water surface elevation at the time of the inspection was 769 feet above M.S.L.

The surface area of the reservoir at normal water level is about 31 acres. The rim seems to be stable. Considerable erosion due to wave action was observed along the rim, however, the erosion does not jeopardize the safety of the dam or appurtenant structures. The land around the reservoir slopes gently to the rim and is grass and/or tree covered. There are no homes built in close proximity to the reservoir (see Photo 12).

f. Downstream Channel

The downstream channel near the dam is undefined and obstructed with trees and bushes (see Photo 9).

3.2 Evaluation

The visual inspection uncovered nothing of a consequential nature which would require immediate remedial action. However, some conditions were observed which could adversely affect the dam in the future and these should be corrected within a reasonable period of time.

1. The possible seepage indicated by the cattails, standing water, and boggy ground at the toe and downstream of the toe could affect the structural stability of the dam. If caused by seepage and if the rate of seepage were to increase, it is possible that the seepage could transport soil particles which could cause piping of embankment material. This could lead to an eventual failure of the embankment.

2. The trees observed on the downstream slope pose a potential danger to the safety of the dam depending upon the extent of the root system. The roots of trees present possible paths for piping through the embankment. The root systems can also do damage to the

embankment from being uprooted during a storm.

3. The wave erosion on the upstream slope does not appear to affect the stability of the dam in its present condition. Measures have been taken, according to Mr. Philips, to control the erosion (e.g., the planting of the canary reed grass). Nevertheless, continual erosion of the slope can only be detrimental to the stability of the dam.

4. The vegetation on the embankment should be properly maintained. A tall growth of vegetation on the embankment hinders a comprehensive inspection of the dam and potential problems could go undetected.

5. The moss and other miscellaneous floating debris get caught in a position of half in and half out of the drop inlet, but eventually pressure can build until the floating debris falls to the bottom of the standpipe and the into the spillway pipe (see Photo 6). If this situation continues unchecked, it could cause a severe blockage in the service spillway system, thus causing reservoir levels to rise faster than necessary during heavy reservoir inflows.

6. The anti-vortex plate has a coating of rust as do the supports to which it is welded. As the rusting gradually becomes more severe, more corrosive action could take place causing the weakening and possible failure of the plate (see Photo 6).

7. The rutting in the emergency spillway approach is a relatively small item at this time, and is easily correctable.

SECTION 4: OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 Procedures

There are no specific operational procedures for the Perry Philips Dam. The dam was built to impound water primarily for recreational purposes.

4.2 Maintenance of Dam

The dam and appurtenant structures are maintained by the owner, Mr. Perry Philips and his resident maintenance crew. The top of dam appears to be in fair condition and is covered with a one lane gravel road. According to the owner, Mr. Philips, the road was recently graded. Mr. Philips also stated that the slopes are too steep to mow and, consequently, the slopes are covered with a tall unmaintained grass cover. There are several trees growing on the downstream slope, and erosion due to wave action has occurred on the upstream slope near the waters edge.

4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities

There are no operable facilities at the damsite.

4.4 Description of Any Warning System in Effect

The inspection team is not aware of any existing warning system consisting of any electrical or manual warning notification plans in effect for this dam.

4.5 Evaluation

The operation procedures are nonexistent and maintenance for Perry Phillips Dam seems to be adequate. Although the dam does not appear to be neglected, the remedial measures described in Section 7 should be undertaken to improve the condition of the dam.

SECTION 5: HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 Evaluation of Features

a. Design Data

The watershed area of the Perry Philips Dam upstream from the dam axis consists of approximately 353 acres. The watershed area is mostly pasture and range land with some urbanized areas. Land gradients in the watershed average roughly 2 percent. The Perry Philips Dam and Reservoir are located on an unnamed tributary of Clear Creek. The reservoir is about 0.5 miles upstream from the confluence of the unnamed tributary and Clear Creek. The watershed is approximately 1 mile long at its longest arm. A drainage map showing the watershed and the downstream hazard zone is presented as Plate 1 in Appendix B.

Evaluation of the hydraulic and hydrologic features of Perry Philips Dam was based upon criteria set forth in the Corps of Engineers' "Engineer Regulation No. 1110-2-106" and additional guidance provided by the St. Louis District of the Corps of Engineers. The Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) was calculated from the Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) using the methods outlined in the U.S. Weather Bureau Publication, Hydrometeorological Report No. 33. The probable maximum storm duration was set at 24 hours, and storm rainfall distribution was based upon criteria given in the Corps of Engineers' EM 110-2-1411 (Standard Project Storm). The Soil Conservation Service (SCS) method was used for deriving the unit hydrograph, utilizing the Corps of Engineers' computer program HEC-1 (Dam Safety Version). The unit hydrograph parameters are presented in Appendix B. The SCS method also was used for determining the loss rate. The hydrologic soil group of the watershed was determined by use of published soil maps. The hydrologic soil group

of the watershed and the SCS curve numbers are presented in Appendix B. The curve number, unit hydrograph parameters, the PMP index rainfall and the percentages for various durations were direct input into the HEC-1 (Dam Safety Version) computer program to obtain the PMF hydrograph. The computed peak inflows of the PMF and the one-half PMF are 5,824 cfs and 2,912 cfs, respectively.

Both the PMF and the one-half PMF inflow hydrographs were routed through the reservoir by the Modified Puls Method also utilizing the REC-1 (Dam Safety Version) computer program. A storm of 50 percent of the PMF preceded the PMF and a storm of 25 percent of the PMF preceded the one-half PMF, each by four days. The reservoir was assumed at the mean annual high water level at the beginning of the antecedent storms. The mean annual high water level for Perry Philips Dam Reservoir was estimated to be at the crest of the service spillway. The antecedent storm of 50 percent of the PMF, when routed through the reservoir, will leave the reservoir at approximately the same elevation as the crest of the service spillway at the end of the four day period. Thus, the reservoir was assumed at the crest level of the service spillway at the start of the routing computation for the PMF, the one-half PMF and other PMF ratio floods. The peak outflow discharges for the PMF and the one-half PMF are 4,777 and 1,916 cfs, respectively. Both the PMF and the one-half PMF when routed through the reservoir resulted in overtopping of the dam.

The sizes of physical features utilized to develop the stage-outflow relation for the spillway and overtopping of the dam were taken from field notes and sketches prepared during the field inspection. The reservoir elevation-area data were obtained from the U.S.G.S. Columbia, Missouri Quadrangle topographic map (7.5 minute series). The reservoir elevation-area curve and the spillway and overtop rating curve are presented as Plates 2 and 3, respectively, in Appendix B.

From the standpoint of dam safety, the hydrologic design of a dam must aim at avoiding overtopping. Overtopping is especially dangerous for an earth dam because of its erodible characteristics. The safe hydrologic design of an embankment dam requires a spillway discharge capability combined with an embankment height that can handle a very large and exceedingly rare flood without overtopping the dam.

The Corps of Engineers designs dams to safely pass the Probable Maximum Flood that could be generated from the dam's watershed. This is the generally accepted criterion for major dams throughout the world and is the standard for dam safety where overtopping would pose any threat to human life. Accordingly, the hydrologic requirement for safety for this dam is the capability to pass the Probable Maximum Flood without overtopping the dam.

b. Experience Data

It is believed that records of reservoir stage or spillway discharge are not maintained for this dam site. However, according to the owner, flow of an undetermined depth has passed through the emergency spillway on one or two occasions since 1964. Reportedly, the dam has also never been overtopped.

c. Visual Observations

Observations made of the spillways during the visual inspection are discussed in Section 3.1.d and evaluated in Section 3.2

d. Overtopping Potential

As indicated in Section 5.1a, both the Probable Maximum Flood and the one-half Probable Maximum Flood when routed through the reservoir, resulted in overtopping of the dam. The peak outflow discharges for the PMF and the one-half PMF are 4,777 and 1,916 cfs,

respectively. The maximum capacity of the spillway just before overtopping the dam is 149 cfs. The PMF overtopped the dam by 2.62 feet and the one-half PMF overtopped the dam by 1.82 feet. The total duration of flow over the lowest point on the top of dam is 11.67 hours during the PMF and 7.42 hours during the occurrence of the one-half PMF. The spillway/reservoir system of Perry Philips Dam is capable of accommodating a flood equal to approximately 12 percent of the PMF just before overtopping the dam. The reservoir/spillway system of Perry Philips Dam will not accommodate the one percent chance (100-year flood) flood without overtopping the dam.

The failure of the dam could cause extensive damage to the property downstream of the dam and possible loss of life. The estimated damage zone extends approximately six miles downstream of the dam. There are three dwellings, one building and three sheds within the damage zone.

SECTION 6: STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1

Evaluation of Structural Stability

a. Visual Observations

There were no major signs of settlement or distress observed on the embankment or foundation during the visual inspection. The embankment is protected against surface erosion by an adequate cover of unmaintained vegetation. The possible seepage observed near the bend in the dam axis does not appear to affect the stability of the dam in its present condition. Nevertheless, any increases in the condition of the seepage can only be detrimental to the embankment. The erosion due to wave action on the upstream slope does not appear to be serious enough to constitute an unsafe condition and according to Mr. Philips, steps have been taken to control the problem. Nevertheless, the erosional problem should be monitored and corrective measures should be taken when deemed necessary. There was no indication of past or present slope instability. In the absence of seepage and stability analyses, no quantitative evaluation of the structural stability can be made.

The service and emergency spillways appeared to be structurally stable on the day of the inspection, as there were no obvious weak spots observed or seepage found in connection with the spillways at the inlet or outlet areas.

b. Design and Construction Data

No design computations were uncovered during the report preparation phase. Parameters used for the hydraulic design of the spillways and boring logs of materials encountered in the borrow areas and in the embankment foundation are shown on the design

drawing presented in this report (see Plate 4). Seepage and stability analyses comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" were not available. No embankment or foundation soil parameters were available for carrying out a conventional stability analysis on the embankment. No construction data or specifications relating to the degree of embankment compaction were available for use in a stability analysis.

c. Operating Records

No operating records are available relating to the dam or appurtenant structures. No regulated outlet works system was provided for the dam. The water level on the day of the visual inspection was at the crest of the service spillway. The reservoir remains close to full at all times, according to Mr. Philips.

d. Post Construction Changes

No post construction changes are known to exist which will affect the structural stability of the dam.

e. Seismic Stability

The dam is located in Seismic Zone 1 (see Plate 5), as defined in "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" prepared by the Corps of Engineers, and will not require a seismic stability analysis. An earthquake of the magnitude which would be expected in Seismic Zone 1 will not cause distress to a well designed and constructed earth dam. Available literature indicates that no active faults exist near the vicinity of the damsite.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT/REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment

The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and the visual inspection. Detailed investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation, however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

It should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based upon observations of field conditions at the time of the inspection along with data available to the inspection team.

It is also important to realize that the condition of a dam depends upon numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be assurance that an unsafe condition could be detected.

a. Safety

The spillway capacity of Perry Philips Dam is found to be "Seriously Inadequate". The spillway/reservoir system will accommodate about 12 percent of the PMF without overtopping the dam. The safety of the embankment will be in jeopardy if the dam is overtopped. The dam itself would be susceptible to erosion due to the high velocity of flow on its downstream slope which could lead to an eventual failure of the dam.

The dam and appurtenant structures appeared to be in satisfactory condition. However, no quantitative evaluation of the structural safety of the embankment can be made in view of the absence of seepage and stability analyses. The present embankment and appurtenant structures, however, have reportedly performed satisfactorily since their construction without failure or evidence of instability. The dam has reportedly never been overtopped.

The safety of the dam can be improved if the deficiencies described in Section 3.2 and 6.1a and below are properly corrected according to the procedure given in Section 7.2b. The trees on the downstream slope could jeopardize the safety of the dam.

b. Adequacy of Information

The conclusions presented in this report are based upon field measurements, the design drawing, past performance and the present condition of the dam. The design drawing was of limited use to the overall assessment of the dam and appurtenant structures. Information on the operation and maintenance of the dam was not available. Seepage and stability analyses comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" were also not available, which is considered a deficiency.

c. Urgency

The remedial measures recommended in Paragraph 7.2 should be accomplished within a reasonable period of time. The items recommended in paragraph 7.2a should be pursued on a high priority basis.

d. Necessity for Phase II Inspection

Based upon results of the Phase I inspection, and if the remedial measures recommended in Paragraph 7.2 are undertaken, a Phase II inspection is not felt to be necessary.

7.2 Remedial Measures

a. Alternatives

There are several general options which may be considered to reduce the possibility of dam failure or to diminish the harmful aspects of such a failure. Some of these options are:

1. Increase the spillway capacity to pass the PMF without overtopping.
2. Increase the height of the dam enough to pass the PMF without overtopping the dam; an investigation should be done which also includes studying the effects on the structural stability of the existing embankment. The overtopping depth during the occurrence of the PMF, stated in Section 5.1d, is not the required or recommended increase in the height of the dam.
3. A combination of 1 and 2 above.

b. O & M Procedures

1. The potential seepage at the toe of the slope and downstream of the toe should be monitored to detect any changes in turbidity, location or quantity. Any changes should be investigated further under the guidance of an engineer experienced in the design and construction of earth dams and repairs made as necessary.

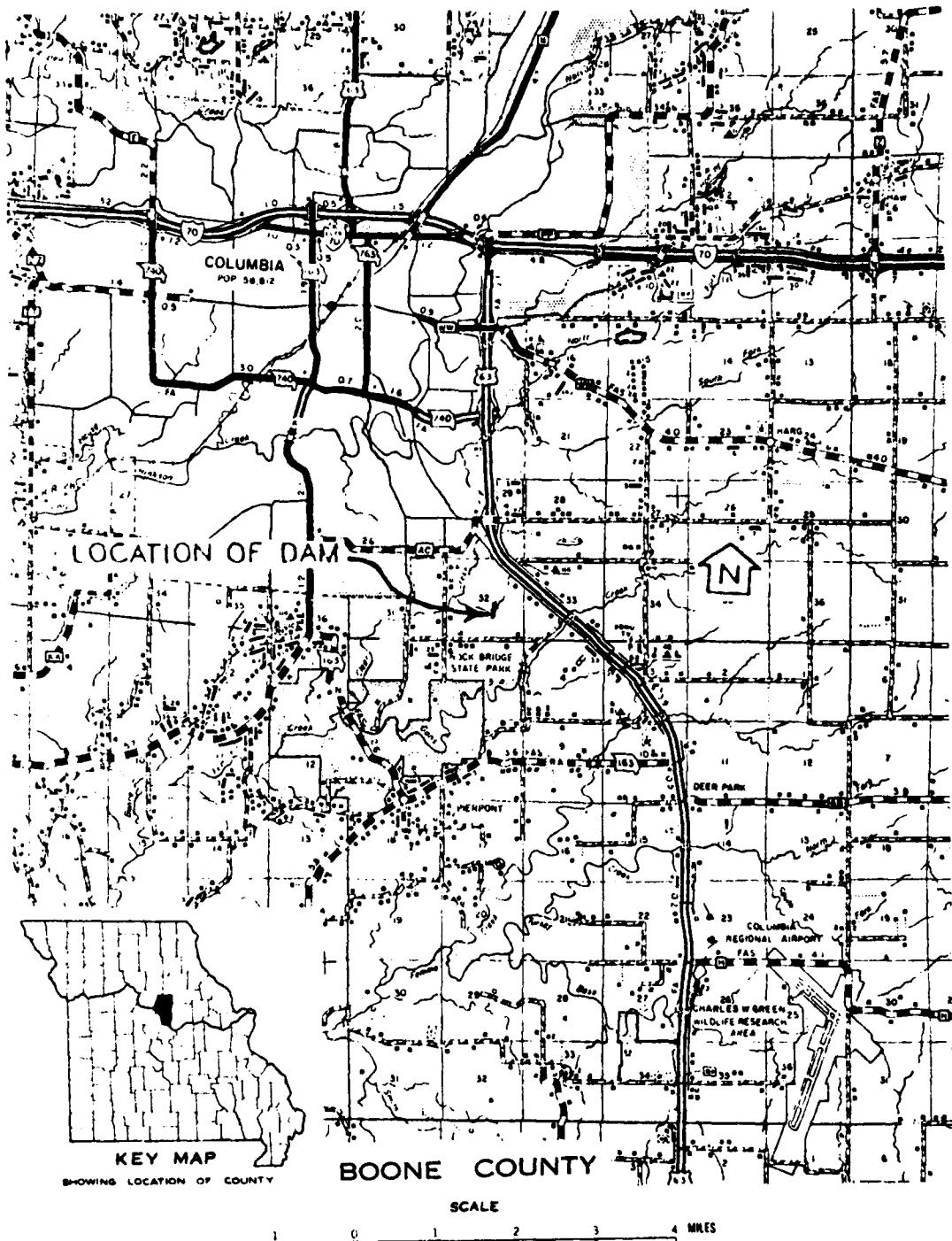
2. Remove the trees from the downstream slope of the dam. Removal of large trees should be accomplished under the guidance of an engineer experienced in the design and construction of earth dams.
3. The erosion due to wave action on the upstream slope should be monitored and if the erosion continues, protective measures should be employed to protect the slope from further damage. The repairs should be accomplished under the guidance of an engineer experienced in the design and construction of earth dams.
4. The vegetation on the embankment should be properly maintained and an adequate vegetative cover retained on the embankment to protect it from surface erosion and to prevent excessive erosion in the event the dam is overtopped. A high dense growth of vegetation on the embankment could prevent a comprehensive inspection of the dam and potential problems could go undetected.
5. Seepage and stability analyses should be performed by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of earth dams.
6. The moss and weed growth in and around the service spillway inlet area should be cleared away and prevented from returning and accumulating.
7. The condition of rust on the service spillway inlet and outlet areas should be monitored and watched for the occurrence of more corrosive reaction.
8. The rutting in the emergency spillway approach area should be refinished to the same degree of protection as the surrounding spillway crest and channel.

9. The owner should initiate the following programs:

- (a) Periodic inspection of the dam by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of earth dams.
- (b) Set up a maintenance schedule and log all visits to the dam for operation, repairs and maintenance.

PLATES

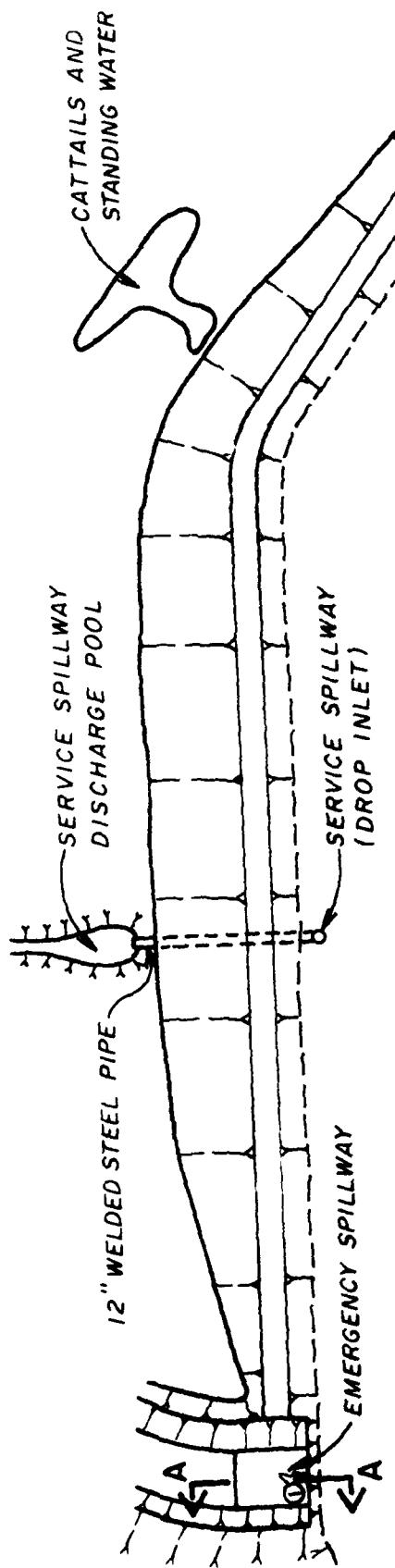
PLATE 1



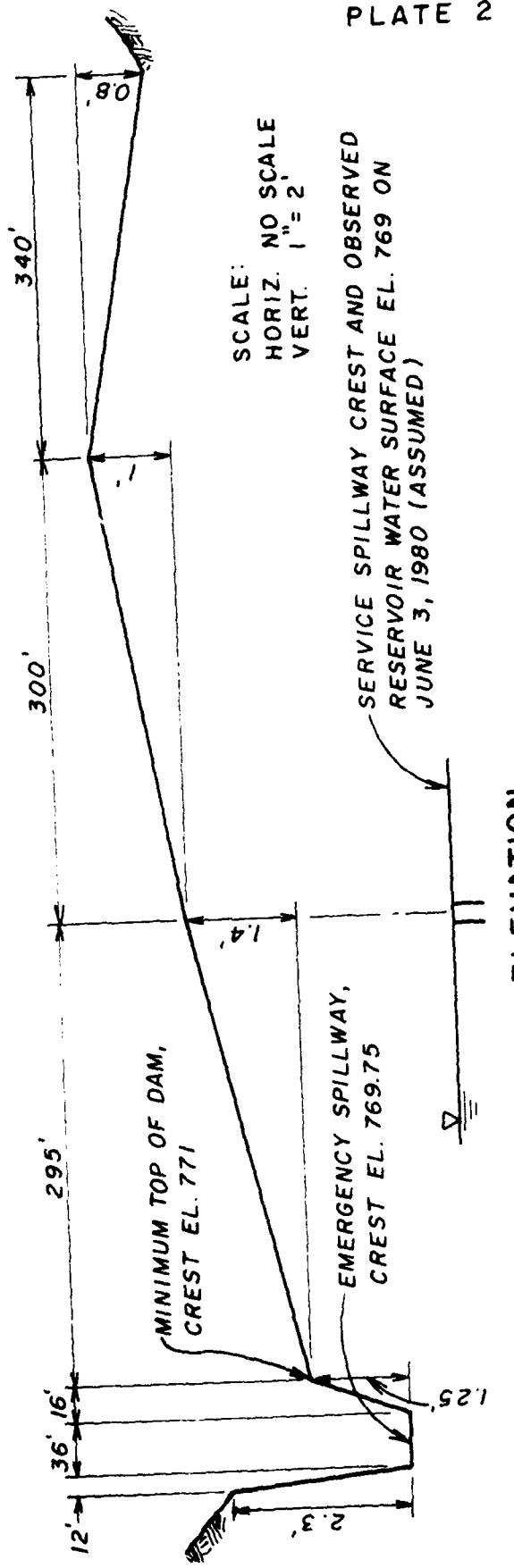
LOCATION MAP - PERRY PHILIPS DAM

MO. 10019

PLATE 2

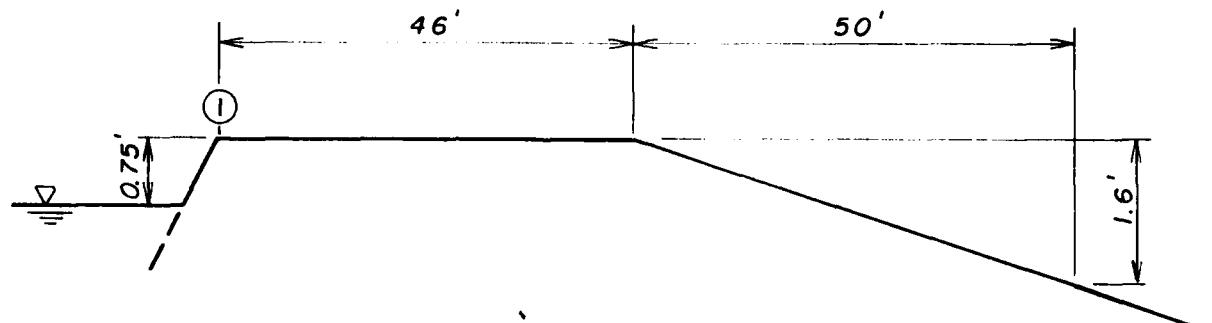
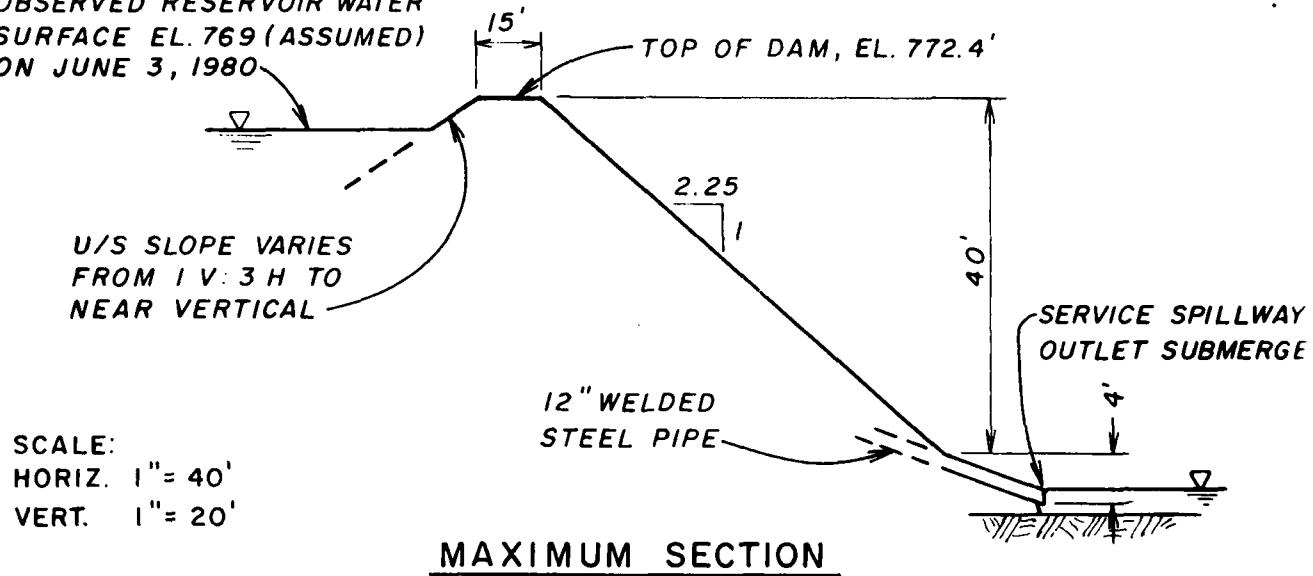


PLAN



PERRY PHILIPS DAM (MO. 10019)
PLAN AND ELEVATION
(SHEET 1 OF 2)

OBSERVED RESERVOIR WATER SURFACE EL. 769 (ASSUMED) ON JUNE 3, 1980



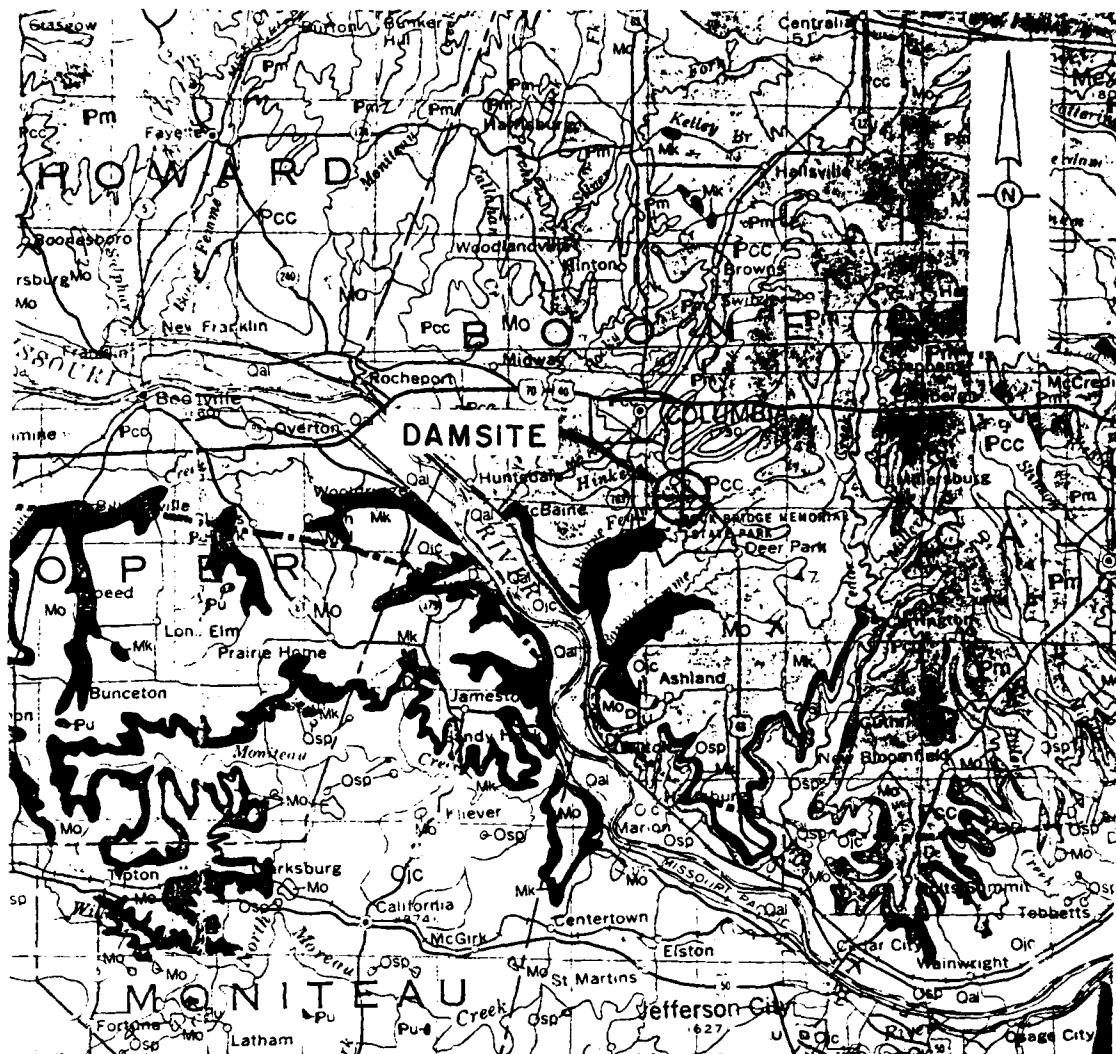
SCALE:
HORIZ. 1" = 20'
VERT. 1" = 2'

SECTION A-A
EMERGENCY SPILLWAY PROFILE

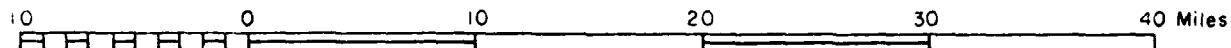
(1) REFERENCE POINT, SEE SHEET 1 OF 2

PERRY PHILIPS DAM (MO. 10019)
MAXIMUM SECTION OF EMBANKMENT AND
EMERGENCY SPILLWAY PROFILE
(SHEET 2 OF 2)

PLATE 5



SCALE



LOCATION OF DAM

NOTE: LEGEND OF THIS DAM IS ON PLATE 6

REFERENCE:

GEOLOGIC MAP OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

KENNETH H. ANDERSON, 1979

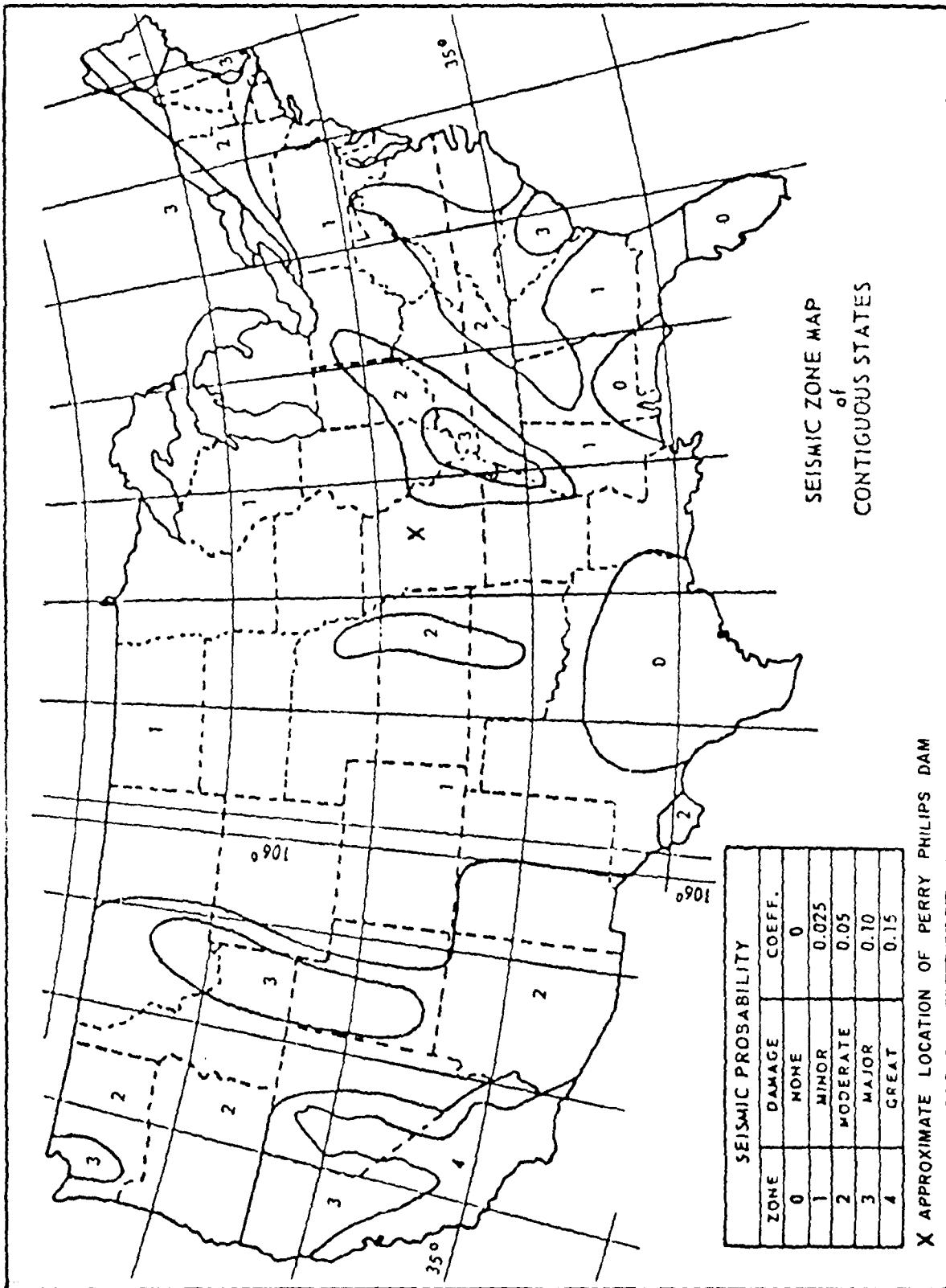
REGIONAL GEOLOGICAL MAP
OF
PERRY PHILIPS DAM

PERRY PHILIPS DAM
PLATE 6

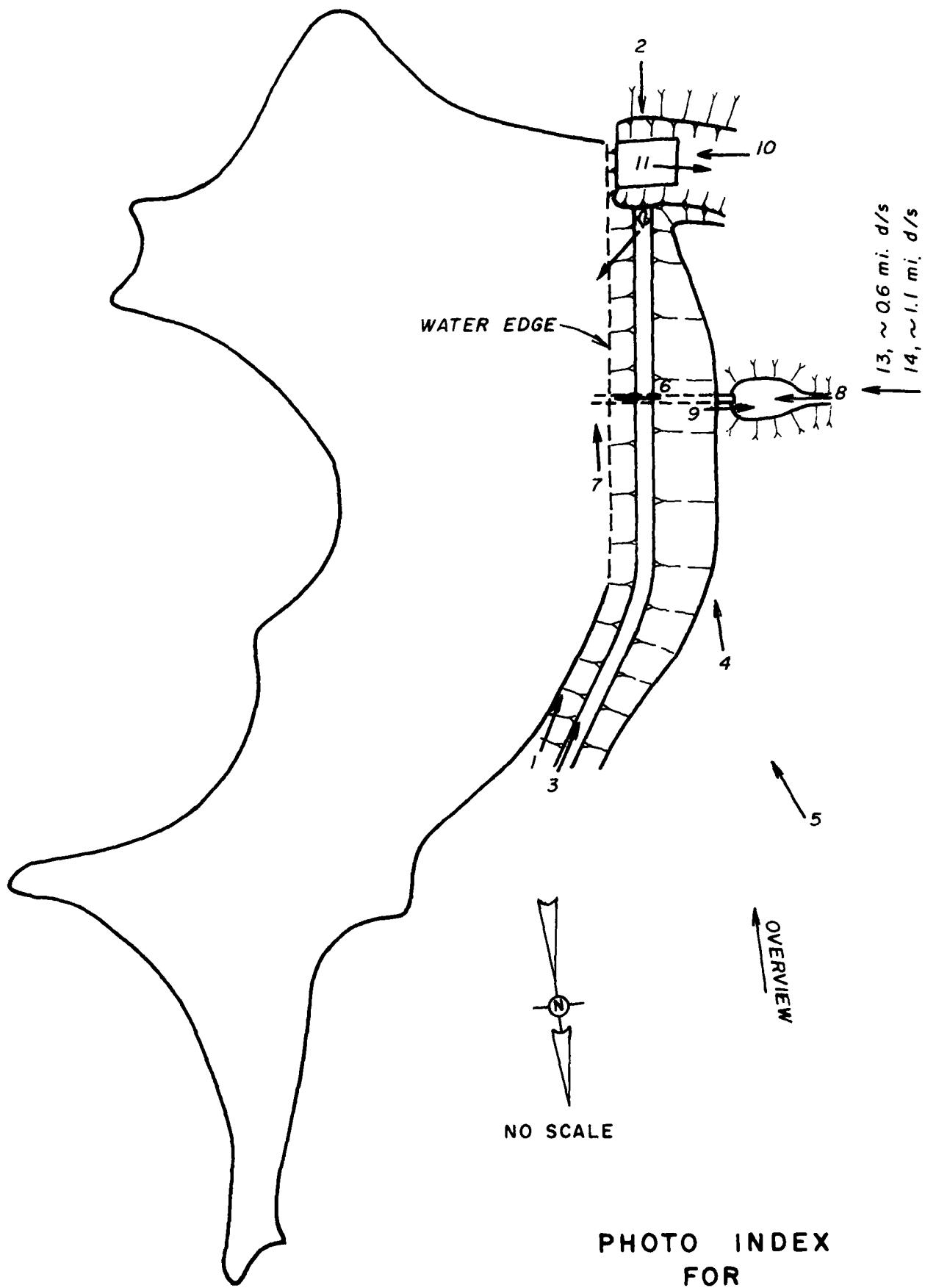
LEGEND

<u>PERIOD</u>	<u>SYMBOL</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
QUATERNARY	Qal	ALLUVIUM: SAND, SILT, GRAVEL
PENNSYLVANIAN	Pu	PENNSYLVANIAN UNDIFFERENTIATED
	Pm	MARMATON GROUP: CYCLIC DEPOSITS OF SHALE, LIMESTONE AND SANDSTONE
	Pcc	CHEROKEE GROUP: CYCLIC DEPOSITS OF SHALE, LIMESTONE AND SANDSTONE
MISSISSIPPIAN	Mo	KEOKUK - BURLINGTON FORMATION: CHERTY GRAYISH BROWN SANDY LIMESTONE
	Mk	CHOUTEAU GROUP: NORTHVIEW, COMPTON AND BACHELOR FORMATION (LIMESTONE AND SHALE)
DEVONIAN	D	SULPHUR SPRING GROUP: BUSHBERG SANDSTONE, GLEN PARK LIMESTONE, GRASSY CREEK SHALE
ORDOVICIAN	Osp	ST PETER SANDSTONE
	Ojc	SMITHVILLE FORMATION, POWELL DOLOMITE

PLATE 7



APPENDIX A
PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN DURING INSPECTION



Perry Philips Lake Dam

Photographs

- Photo 1 - View of the upstream slope from the right side showing the reeds canary grass.
- Photo 2 - View of the top of dam looking across the emergency spillway.
- Photo 3 - View of the top of dam and upstream slope from the right side of the embankment.
- Photo 4 - View of the downstream slope.
- Photo 5 - View of the downstream slope showing the area of possible seepage. The area shows up in the photo as the dark green area in the center of the photo.
- Photo 6 - View of the service spillway drop inlet showing the anti-vortex steel plate, the moss-weed growth over spillway edge, and the lack of some kind of trashrack.
- Photo 7 - View of the upstream slope showing the location of the service spillway.
- Photo 8 - View of the submerged outlet of the service spillway.
- Photo 9 - View of the downstream channel from the outlet of the service spillway.
- Photo 10 - View of the control section of the emergency spillway looking toward the reservoir.

Photo 11 - View of the discharge channel of the emergency spillway showing sheet flow type discharge channel.

Photo 12 - View of the reservoir and rim.

Photo 13 - View of a dwelling approximately 0.6 miles downstream of the dam taken from the downstream channel.

Photo 14 - View of a dwelling approximately 1.1 miles downstream of the dam taken from the downstream channel.

Perry Phillips Dam



Photo 1



Photo 2

Perry Phillips Dam



Photo 3



Photo 4

Perry Phillips Dam



Photo 5

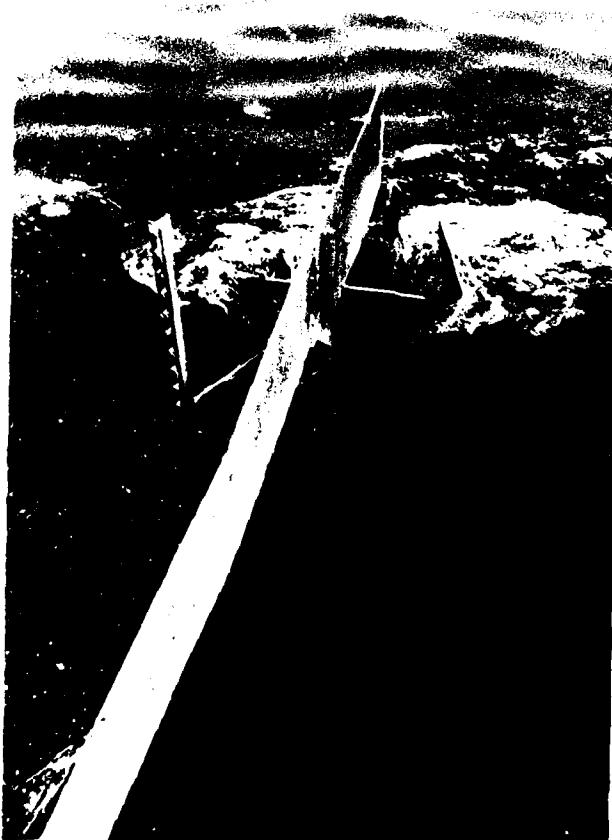


Photo 6

Perry Phillips Dam



Photo 7



Photo 8

Perry Phillips Dam



Photo 9



Photo 10

Perry Philips Dam



Photo 11



Photo 12

Philip L.

Perry Phillips Dam



Photo 13

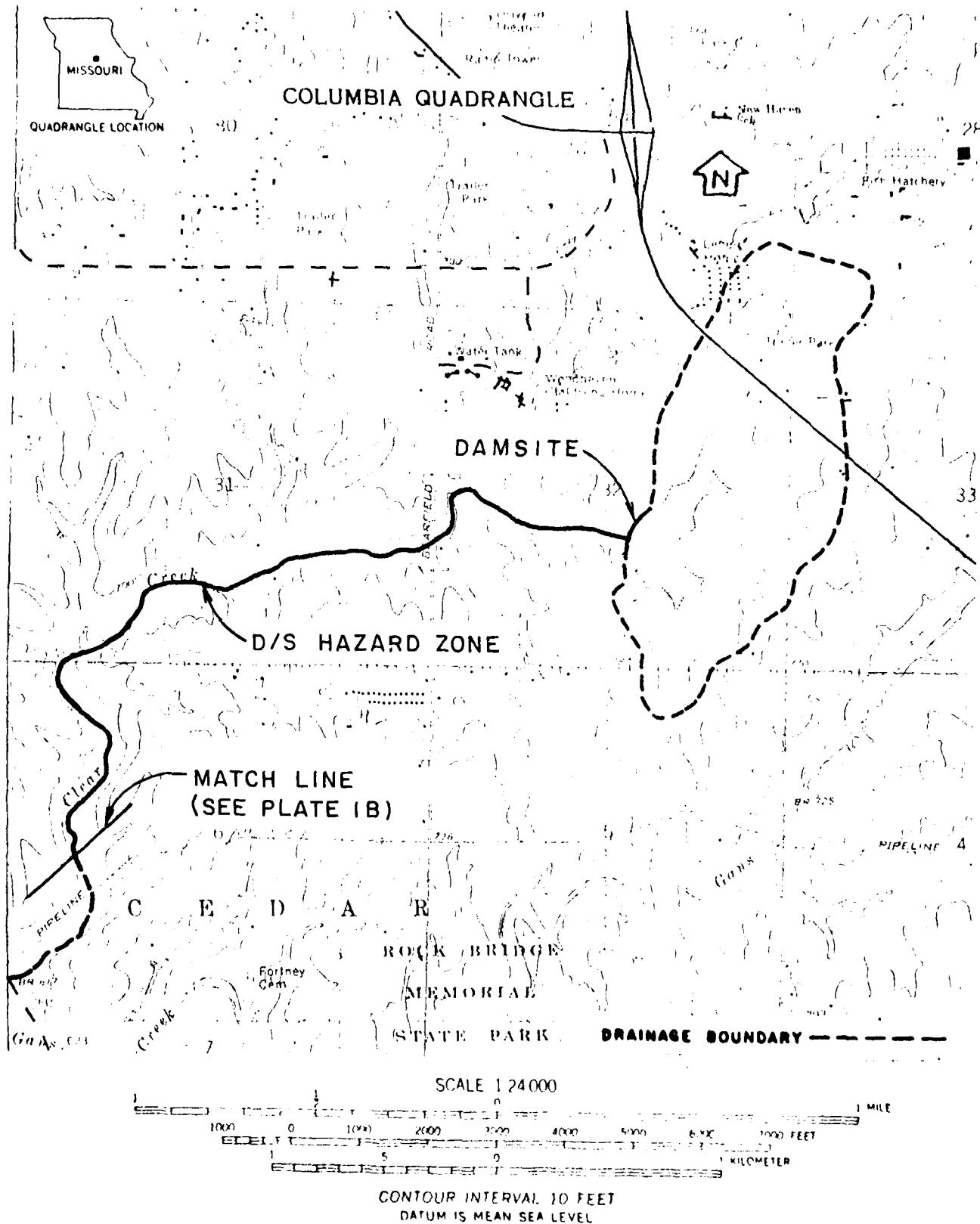


Photo 14

APPENDIX B

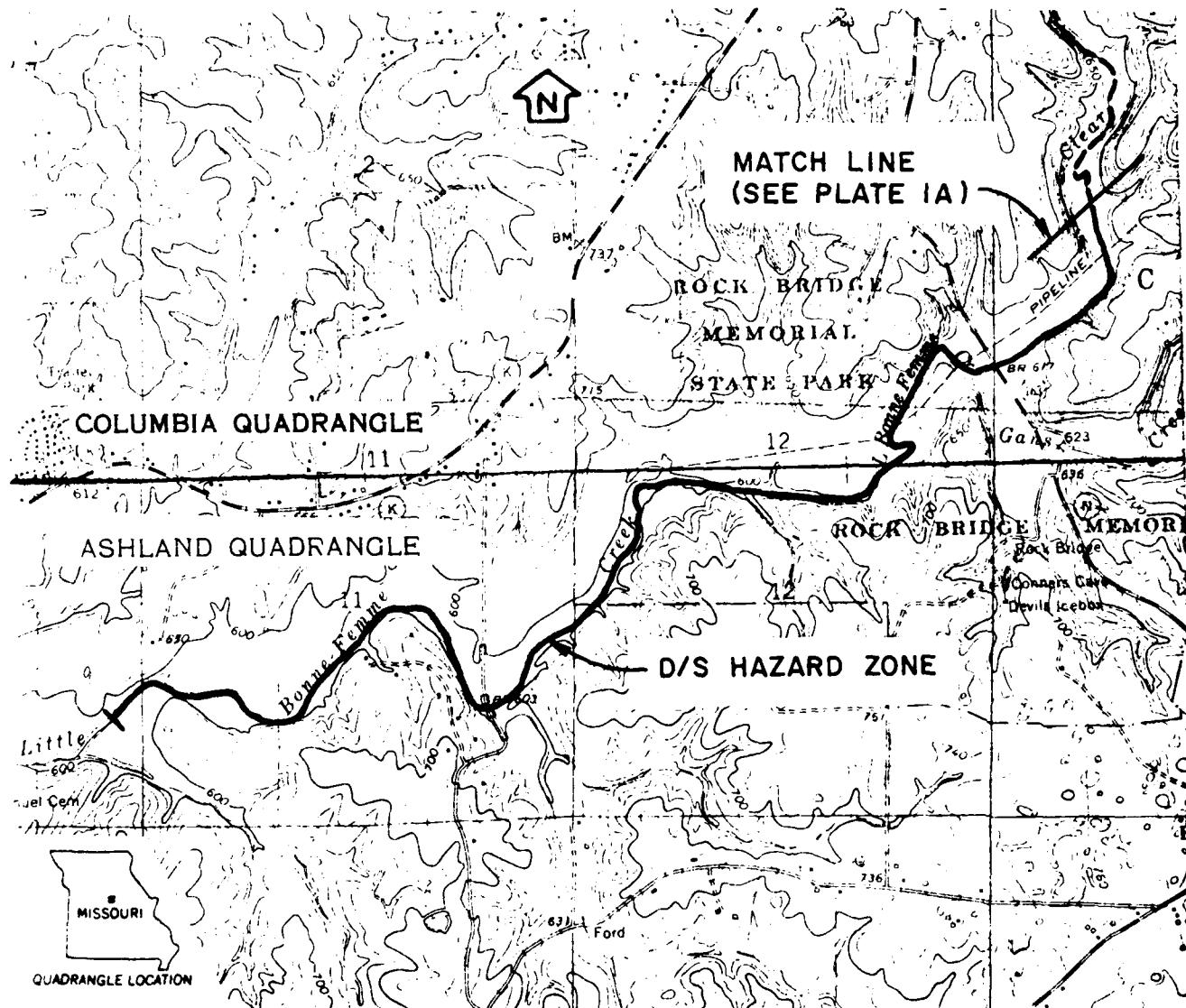
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

PLATE IA, APPENDIX B



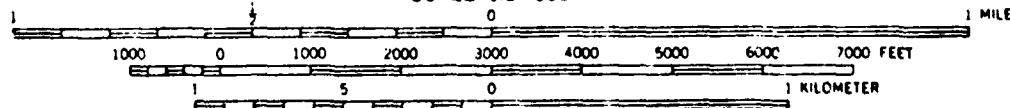
PERRY PHILIPS DAM (MO. 10019)
DRAINAGE BASIN AND
DOWNSTREAM HAZARD ZONE

PLATE 1B, APPENDIX B



DRAINAGE BOUNDARY -----

SCALE 1:24000



PERRY PHILIPS DAM (MO. 10019)
DRAINAGE BASIN AND
DOWNSTREAM HAZARD ZONE

ECI-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION - MISSOURI

SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

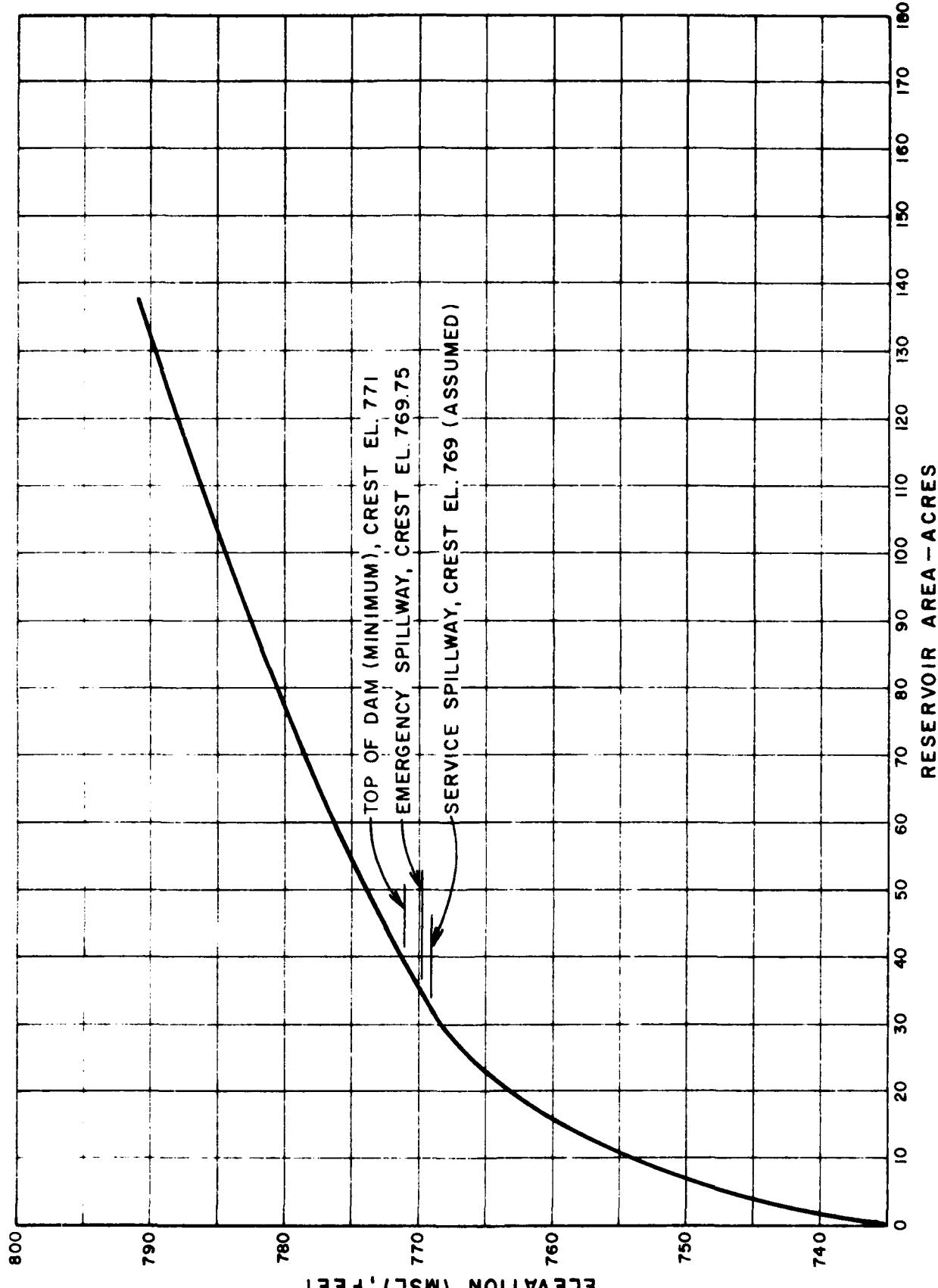
DAM NAME: PERRY PHILIPS DAM / ID NO.: 10019 JOB NO. 1263

RESERVOIR ELEVATION - AREA DATA

BY F Z DATE 6/27/82
KIR

ELEV. (M.S.L.) (Ft.)	RESERVOIR SURFACE AREA (Acres)	REMARKS
735	0	Estimated Streambed at dam
740	2	Interpolated
750	7	"
760	16	"
769	31	Service Spillway Crest (Assumed)
769.75	35	Emergency Spillway Crest
770	36.5	Measured on USGS Quad.
771	39	Top of dam (Minimum)
780	77.0	Measured on USGS Quad.
790	132.0	"

PLATE 2, APPENDIX B



PERRY PHILIPS DAM (MO. 10019)
RESERVOIR ELEV.-AREA CURVE

PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI

SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

DAM NAME: PERRY PHILLIPS DAM (MO 10019)

JOB NO. 1263

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS

BY D C DATE 6-23-FO
R.L.B.

1) DRAINAGE AREA, $A = .56 \text{ sq. mi} = (353 \text{ acres})$

2) LENGTH OF STREAM, $L = (1.9'' \times 2000' = 3800') = .72 \text{ mi.}$

3) ELEVATION AT DRAINAGE DIVIDE ALONG THE LONGEST STREAM,

$$H_1 = 833$$

4) ELEVATION OF RESERVOIR AT SPILLWAY CREST, $H_2 = 769.0$

5) ELEVATION OF CHANNEL BED AT $0.85L$, $E_{85} = 822$

6) ELEVATION OF CHANNEL BED AT $0.10L$, $E_{10} = 775$

7) AVERAGE SLOPE OF THE CHANNEL, $S_{AVG} = (E_{85} - E_{10}) / 0.75L = \frac{822 - 775}{.75(3800)} = 1.7\%$

8) TIME OF CONCENTRATION:

A) BY KIRPICH'S EQUATION,

$$t_c = [(11.9 \times L^3) / (H_1 - H_2)]^{0.385} = \left[\frac{(11.9 \times .72^3)}{833 - 769} \right]^{0.385} = .358 \text{ hrs.}$$

B) BY VELOCITY ESTIMATE,

$$\text{SLOPE} = 17\% \Rightarrow \text{AVG. VELOCITY} = 2 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$t_c = L/v = \frac{3800}{2 \times 3600} = .53 \text{ hrs.}$$

USE $t_c = .358 \text{ hrs.}$

9) LAG TIME, $t_l = 0.6 t_c = .215 \text{ hrs.}$

10) UNIT DURATION, $D \leq t_c / 3 = .072 \text{ hrs.} < 0.083 \text{ hr.}$

USE $D = .083 \text{ hrs.}$

11) TIME TO PEAK, $T_p = D/2 + t_l = .256 \text{ hrs.}$

12) PEAK DISCHARGE,

$$q_p = (484 \times A) / T_p = \frac{1042}{.083} \text{ cfs}$$

ECR-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980 SHEET NO. 1 OF 1
 DAM NAME: PERRY PHILLIPS DAM (MO 10019) JOB NO. 1263
 CURVE NUMBER DETERMINATION BY DC DATE 6-23-80
 HLB ✓

I) SOIL GROUP

WATERSHED SOILS IN THE BASIN CONSIST OF:

WELLER, KESWICK, LINDLEY, MANDEVILLE, PUTNAM, MEXICO.

GROUP D SOILS SEEM TO PREDOMINATE THE BASIN. THEREFORE,
 ASSUME GROUP D SOILS FOR THE ENTIRE WATERSHED
 FOR HYDROLOGIC PURPOSES.

II) COVER COMPLEX

ASSUMED LAND USE	ASSUMED HYDROLOGIC CONDITION	PER CENT AREA	CN (AMC II)
Pasture/Rangeland	Fair	95	84
Urban	Fair	5	90

III) CURVE NUMBER

WEIGHTED AVERAGE CN = 84 FOR AMC II

CURVE NUMBER = 93 FOR AMC III

PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI SHEET NO. _____ OF _____
 D.A. NAME: PEERY PHILLIPS DAM (MO 10019) JOB NO. 1262
ERODABLE MAXIMUM PRECIPITATION BY D.C. DATE 6-23-80
H10

DETERMINATION OF PMP

- 1) Determine drainage area of the basin

$$D.A. = .5816 \text{ sq mi} \quad (353 \text{ acres})$$

- 2) Determine PMP Index Rainfall (for D.A. = 200 sq. mi., & 24 hr. duration)

Location of centroid of basin,

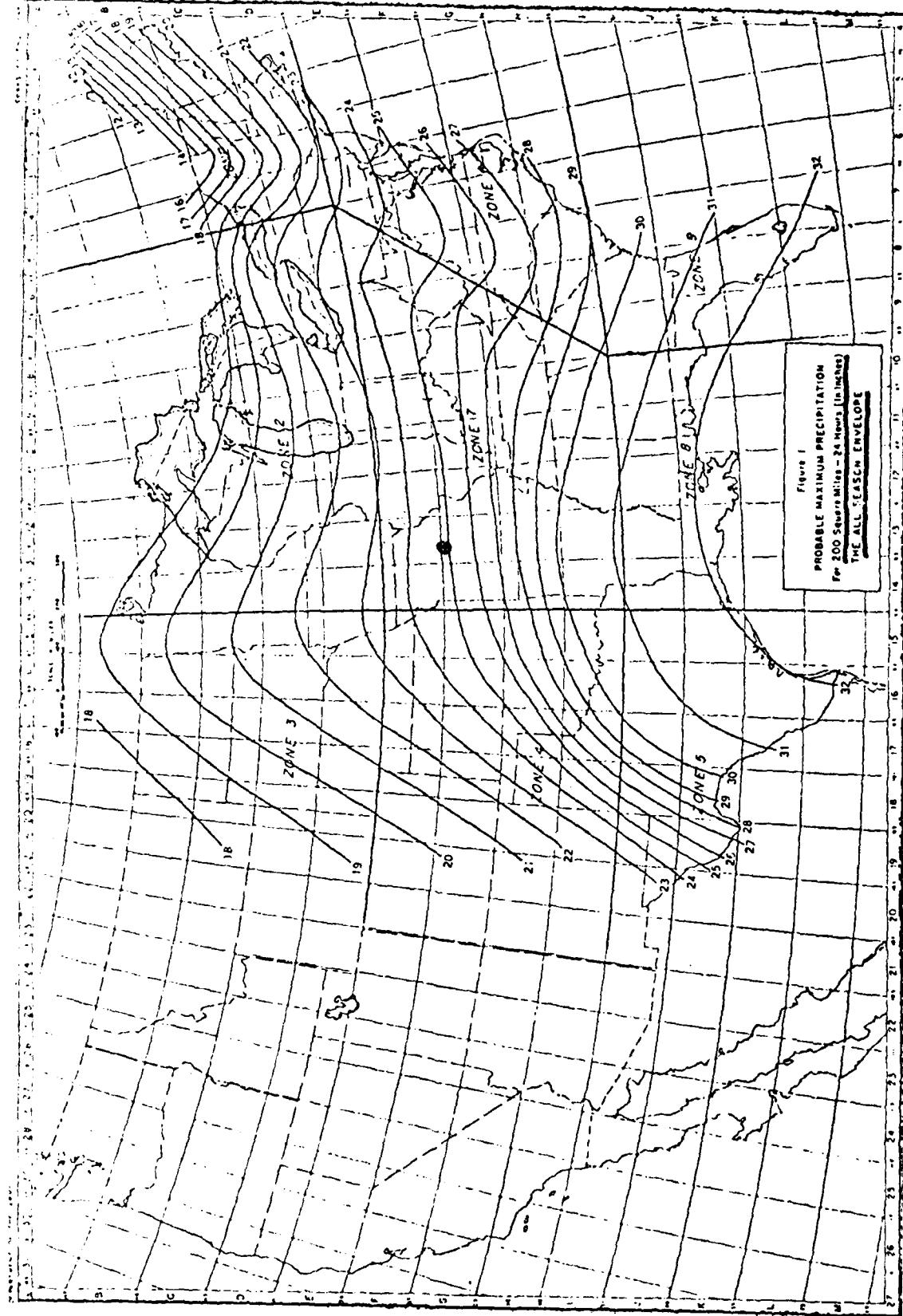
$$\text{Long.} = 92^{\circ} 17' 15'' \quad \text{Lat.} = 38^{\circ} 53' 57''$$

$$\text{PMP} = 24.9 \quad (\text{from Fig. 1, HMR 33})$$

$$\text{Zone} = 7$$

- 3) Determine basin rainfall in terms of percentage of PMP Index Rainfall for various durations.
 (from Fig. 2, HMR 33)

Duration (Hrs.)	Percent of Index Rainfall (%)	Total Rainfall (Inches)	Rainfall Increments (Inches)	Duration of Increment (Hrs.)
6	100	24.9	24.9	6
12	120	29.9	5	6
24	130	32.4	2.5	12



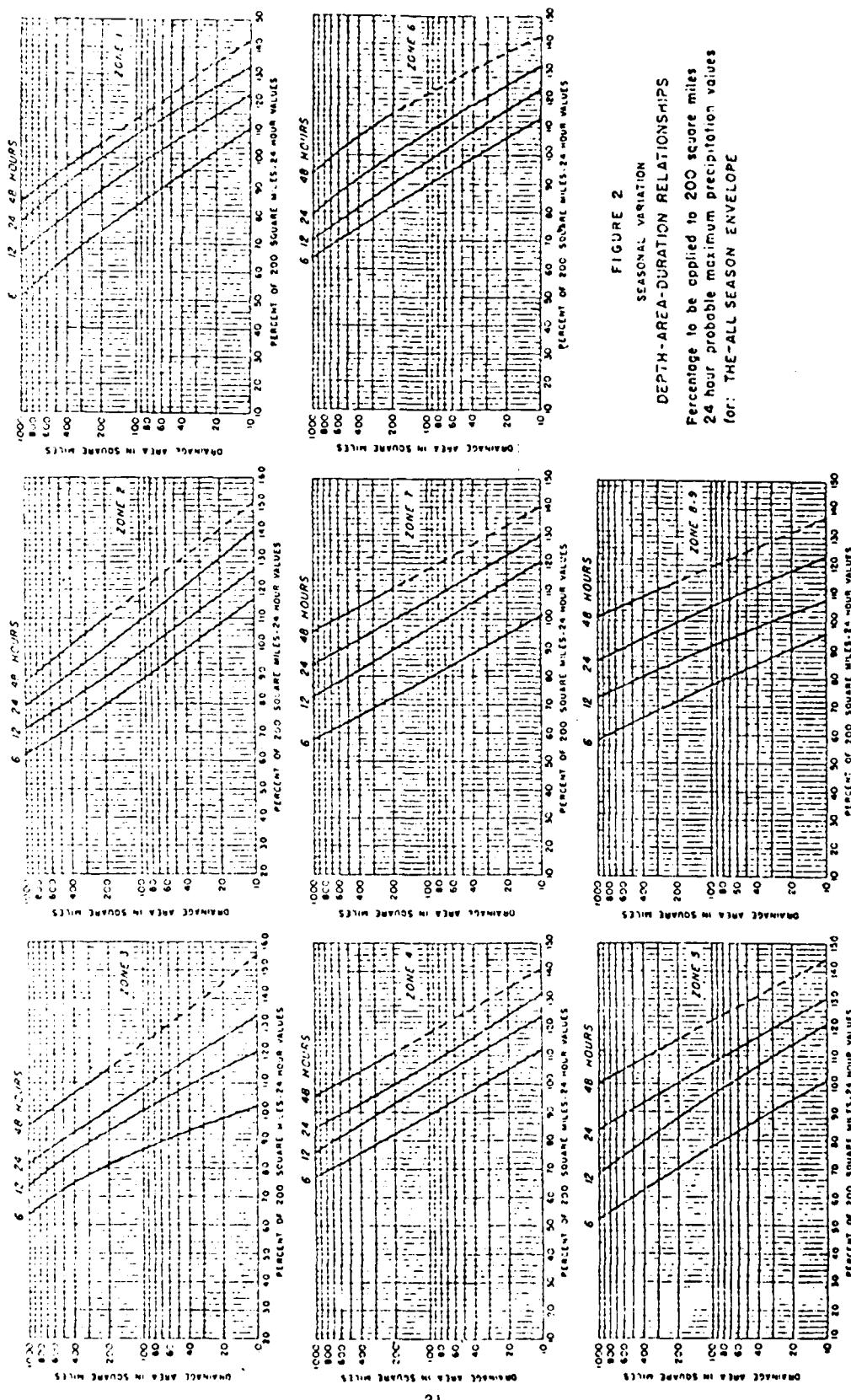


FIGURE 2
 SEASONAL VARIATION
 DEPTH-AREA-DURATION RELATIONSHIPS
 Percentage to be applied to 200 square miles
 24 hour probable maximum precipitation values
 for: THE-ALL SEASON ENVELOPE

PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

SHEET NO. 3 OF 3

FERRY PHILIPS DAM (MO. 10019)

JOB NO. 1263

SERVICE SPILLWAY RATING CURVE

BY JFK DATE 7/1/80
KLB

U.S. ELEV	H	Q	CONTROLLING FLOW
769	0	0	
769.25	0.25	2.3	Weir Flow
769.5	0.50	6.4	" "
769.67	0.67	9.5	Orifice Flow
770	1.0	11.6	" "
770.51	1.51	14.2	" "
770.84	1.84	15.7	" "
771.11	42.01	16.9	Pressure Flow
771.41	42.31	16.9	" "
771.68	42.58	17.0	" "
771.96	42.86	17.0	" "
772.36	43.26	17.1	" "
772.82	43.72	17.2	" "
773.34	44.24	17.3	" "
773.91	44.81	17.4	" "
774.60	45.5	17.5	" "

$$\text{Water Flow} = Q = C_L H^{3/2}$$

$$L = 5.5$$

$$H = 4.627 - 7.69$$

$$C = 3.3$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \{ \\ \{ \end{array} \right\} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \phi = 18.15 + 4.5 \\ \{ \end{array} \right\}$$

Pressure flow $K_{cut} = 0.5$

$$K_{\text{ent}} = 0.5 \quad K_{\text{ent}} = 1 \quad K_{\text{bond + condensation}} = 0.3$$

$H = WSE_H - 129.1$

friction = $29.1 \times 0.012 \times 145 = 0.2545$

11-12-1969 - 1769

HISTOLOGY - 769

58

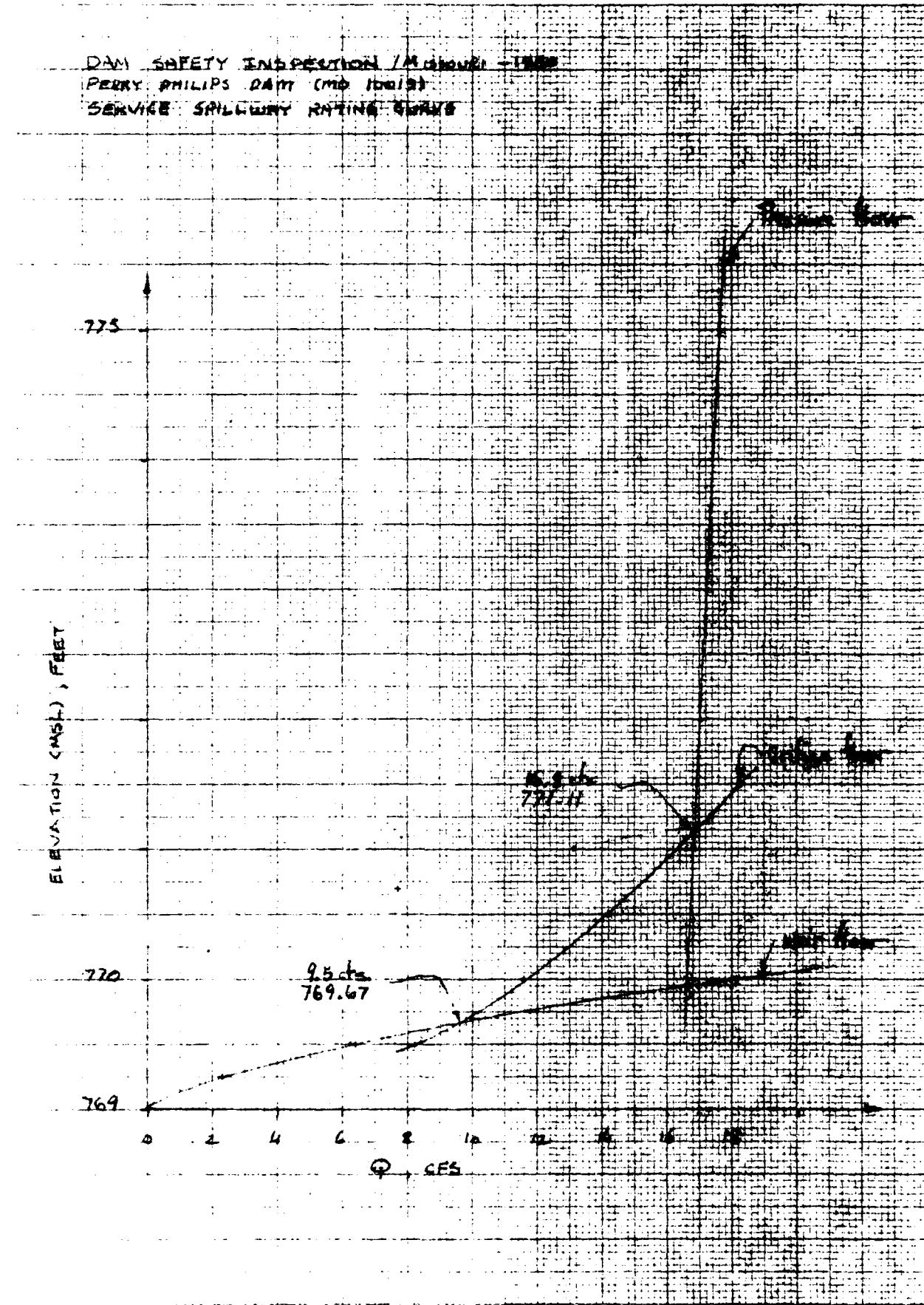
卷八

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10

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / Missouri - 1988
PERRY PHILIPS DAM (MD 10013)
SERVICE SAILLENT RATING CURVE



PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

JFM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

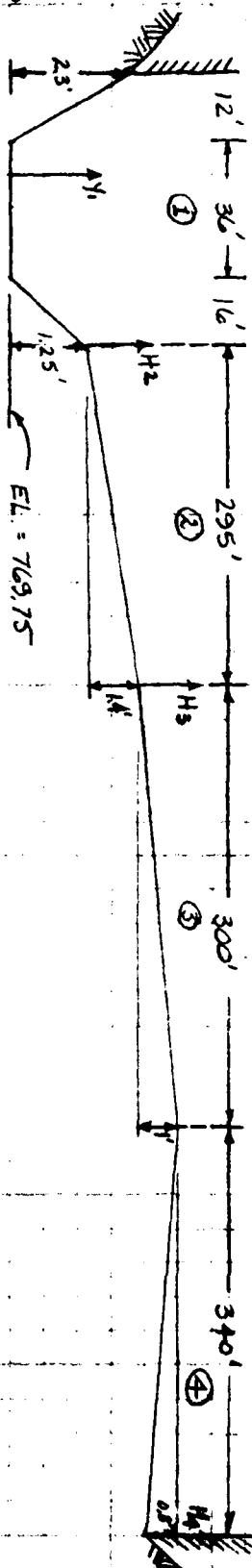
SHEET NO. 1 OF 2

PERRY PHILIPS DAM (MD 10019)

JOB NO. 1263

EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AND OVERTOP RATING CURVE

BY JFK DATE 7/1/80



SECTION ①:

at the critical depth section;

$$\text{for } 0 < \gamma \leq 1.25 \rightarrow T = 18(2 + \gamma) \\ A = \gamma(T - 3\gamma)$$

$$\text{for } 1.25 < \gamma \leq 2.3 \rightarrow T = 52(1 + 0.1\gamma) \\ A = \gamma(T - 2.6\gamma) - 10$$

$$\text{for } \gamma > 2.3, \quad T = 64 \\ A = Ty - 23.8$$

at the upstream section, at the dam, y_1 was determined from a backwater analysis using HEC-2

SECTION ② :

$$H_2 = W.S.EL. - 771$$

$$\text{for } 0 < y_2 < 1.4, \quad \frac{y_2}{T} = \frac{4/5}{1} H_2 \\ A = T \frac{y_2}{2}$$

$$\text{for } 1.4 \leq y_2, \quad \frac{y_2}{T} = \frac{2/3}{1} (H_2 + 0.35) \\ A = Ty_2 - 2.06.5$$

SECTION ③:

$$H_3 = H_2 - 1.4$$

$$\text{for } 0 < y_3 < 1, \quad \frac{y_3}{T} = \frac{4/5}{1} H_3 \\ A = T \frac{y_3}{2}$$

$$\text{for } 1 \leq y_3, \quad \frac{y_3}{T} = \frac{2/3}{1} (H_3 + 0.25) \\ A = Ty_3 - 150$$

SECTION ④:

$$H_4 = H_3 - 0.2$$

$$\text{for } 0 < y_4 < 0.8, \quad \frac{y_4}{T} = \frac{4/5}{1} H_4 \\ A = T \frac{y_4}{2}$$

$$\text{for } 0.8 \leq y_4, \quad \frac{y_4}{T} = \frac{2/3}{1} (H_4 + 0.2) \\ A = Ty_4 - 136$$

PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

SHEET NO. 2 OF 2

PERKY PHILLIP LAM (AO 10019)

JOB NO. 1263

EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AND OVERTOP RATING CURVE

BY J.F.K. DATE 7/11/80

K.L.B.

MANUAL CALCULATIONS TO VERIFY DATA FROM HEC 2

Y	A	T	$V = \frac{A_3}{T}$	$Q = VA$	Y_1	S_{140}^{-3}	A_1	P_1	$\frac{V_{149}}{R^2 S_L^2}$	$\frac{V^2}{P_g}$	$\frac{W.S.E.}{R^2 S_L^2}$	H_2	Y_2	T_2	A_2	$Q_2 = \frac{A_2 S_2}{T_2}$
0.38	45.93	42.82	3.35	50	0.72	20.19	30.22	49.02	1.63	.04	770.51	-	-	-	0	0
0.59	24.27	46.59	4.12	100	1.01	24.56	45.73	54.26	2.19	.07	770.84	-	-	-	0	0
0.77	33.27	49.95	4.66	155	1.26	27.87	69.63	58.51	2.63	.11	771.11	0.11	0.09	18.96	0.32	1.0
0.99	44.36	53.80	5.18	230	1.91	29.27	74.64	59.88	3.09	.15	771.41	0.41	0.33	69.11	11.40	24.3
1.19	55.35	57.36	5.60	310	1.74	30.95	88.52	61.09	3.50	.19	771.68	0.68	0.54	14.62	34.95	91.3
1.37	66.17	59.15	6.05	400	1.97	32.87	102.22	62.25	3.91	.24	771.96	0.96	0.77	161.82	12.20	2194
1.64	82.48	60.57	6.67	550	2.30	34.87	123.17	64.23	4.47	.31	772.36	1.36	1.09	229.74	124.94	5234
1.97	102.35	62.26	7.13	750	2.67	36.26	147.32	64.27	5.09	.40	772.82	1.82	1.45	29.5	221.25	1087.3
2.33	125.09	64.10	7.99	1000	3.08	37.81	173.74	64.27	5.76	.51	773.34	2.34	1.79	29.5	321.55	1905.0
2.70	149.01	67.0	8.72	1500	3.51	39.94	201.06	64.27	6.47	.45	773.91	2.91	2.17	29.5	433.65	2983.5
3.16	178.23	64.0	9.54	2100	4.04	41.75	234.50	64.27	7.25	.82	774.60	3.60	2.63	29.5	570.33	4500.0
$* n = 0.027$																
H_3	y_3	T_3	A_3	$Q_3 = \sqrt{\frac{A_3}{T_3}}$	H_4	y_4	T_4	A_4	$Q_4 = \sqrt{\frac{A_4}{T_4}}$	$P_{max} = Q_1 + Q_2 + Q_4$						
- - - - -				0 0 0 0 0 0	- - - - -				0 0 0 0 0 0		50 100 150 250 400 619 1073 1889					
0.42	0.34	100.8	17.14	40.1	0.22	0.18	74.8	6.58	11.1							
0.94	0.75	225.6	84.83	295.2	0.74	0.59	251.6	74.47	229.9							
1.51	1.17	300	202	340	1.31	1.01	340	206.26	911.7							
2.20	1.63	300	340	2053.9	2.00	1.47	340	362.67	2125.5							

CCI-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

PERKY PHILLIPS DAM (MO. 10019)

JOB NO. 1263

CHECK SLOPE IN EMERGENCY SPILLWAY

BY JFK DATE 2/16/80

$$\text{Slope bed} = 1.6/50 = 0.032$$

$$S_c = \left[\frac{Q}{1.49} \frac{1}{A} \frac{1}{R^{2/3}} \right]$$

for $y = 1.0$, $Q = 233.1$
 $A = 45.0$
 $R = 0.83$

$$S_c = \left[233.1 \frac{0.03}{1.49} \frac{1}{45.0} \frac{1}{0.83^{2/3}} \right]^2 = 0.0139 < 0.032 \quad \text{O.K.}$$

for $y = 0.5$, $Q = 77.1$
 $A = 20.25$
 $R = 0.45$

$$S_c = \left[77.1 \frac{0.03}{1.49} \frac{1}{20.25} \frac{1}{0.45^{2/3}} \right]^2 = 0.017 < 0.032 \quad \text{O.K.}$$

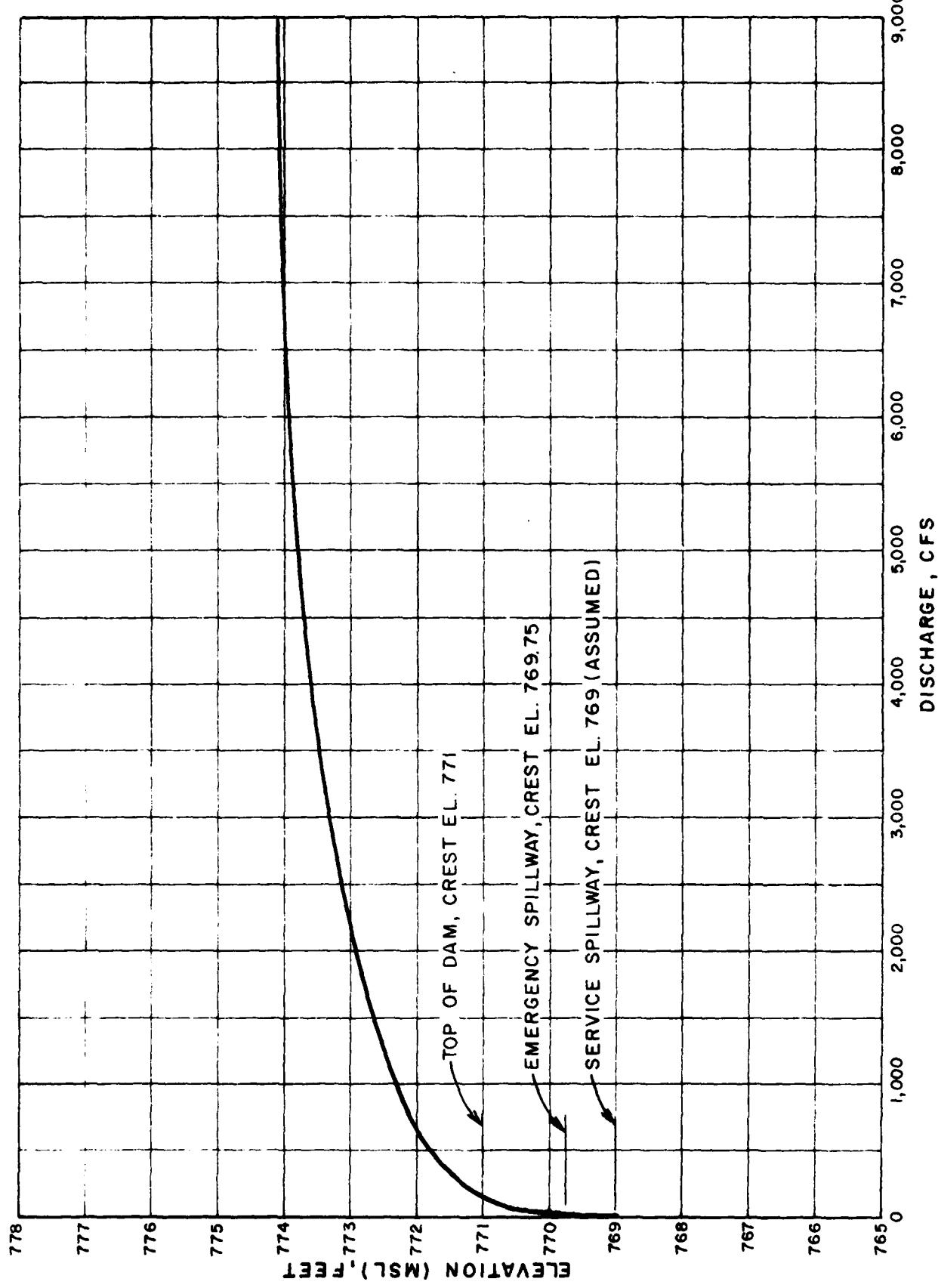
∴ The slope of the emergency spillway channel is steep.

EC-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

LEVEE SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980SHEET NO. 1 OF 1PERRY PHILIPS DAM (MO 10019)JOB NO. 1263COMBINED RATING CURVEBY JFK DATE 7/11/80
668

W.S. EL.	Q _S SPILLWAY	Q _{OVERTOP}	Q _{TOTAL}
769	0	0	0
769.25	2.3	0	2.3
769.5	6.4	0	6.4
769.67	9.5	0	9.5
770	11.6	0	11.6
770.51	14.2	50	64
770.84	15.7	100	115
771.11	16.9	156	173
771.41	16.9	256	273
771.68	17.0	401	418
771.96	17.0	619	636
772.36	17.1	1073	1090
772.82	17.2	1889	1906
773.34	17.3	3429	3446
773.91	17.4	6136	6153
774.6	17.5	10379	10397

PLATE 3, APPENDIX B



PERRY PHILIPS DAM (MO. 10019)
SPILLWAY AND OVERTOP RATING CURVE

EE-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

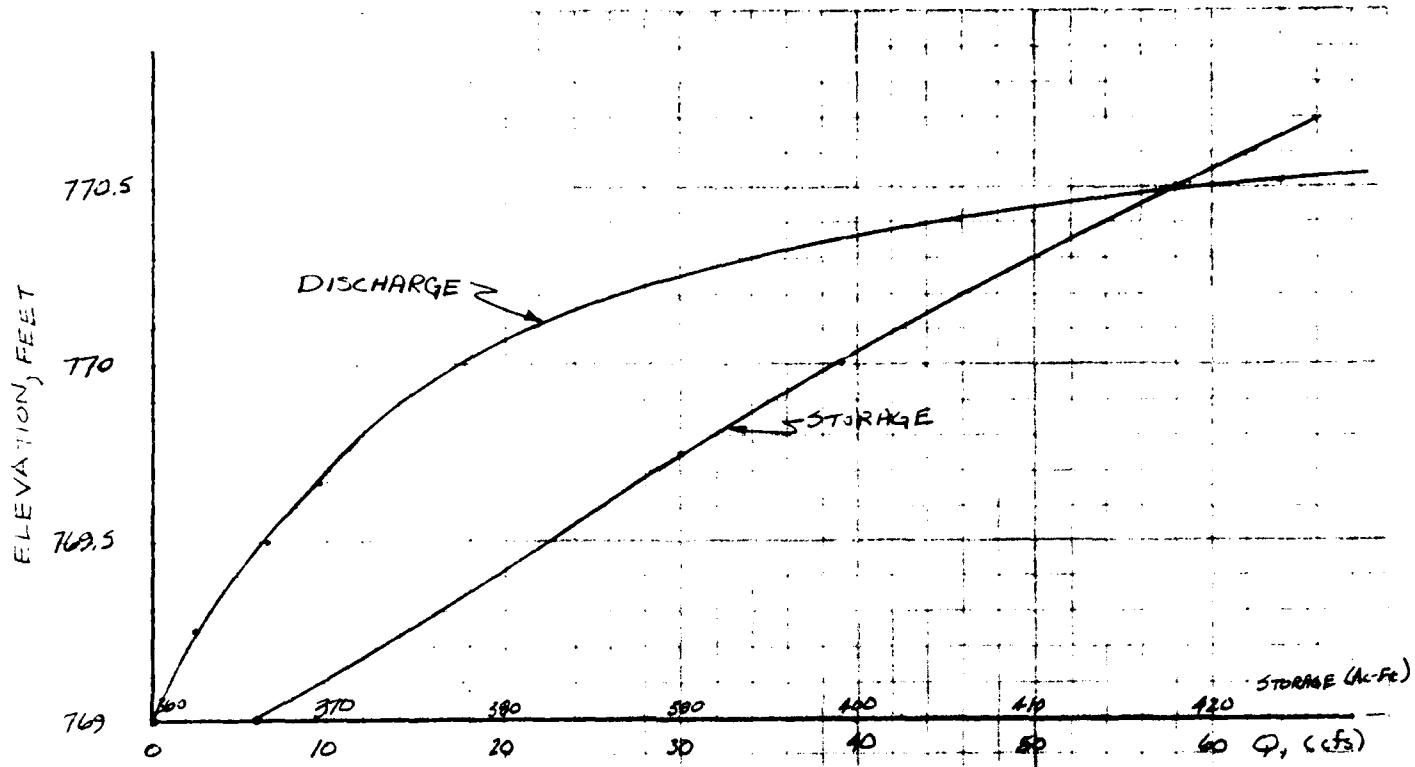
SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

PEKKI PHILIPS DAM (MO. 10019)

JOB NO. 1263

STARTING W.S. EL. FOR PMF ROUTING

BY JFE DATE 7/3/80



W.S. ELEV. _i	W.S. ELEV. _f	A STORAGE	Q AVG	Δ TIME	Σ TIME (DAYS)
770.6	770.3	12	55	0.11	1.0
770.3	770.	11	26	0.21	1.32
770	769.5	16.5	12	0.69	2.01
769.5	769	16.5	4	2.08	4.09
					≈ 4 days

∴ At the end of the 4-day period from the beginning of the antecedent storm, the water surface elevation has returned to the level of the service spillway crest. The PMF routing will start at the service spillway crest elevation.

HEC1DB INPUT DATA

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH FACTORY
DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION - MISSOURI		PERRY PHILLIPS DAM (W.C. 10019), PMF AND 5% PERCENT, P.M.F.	
		0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9
10	10	10	10
11	11	11	11
12	12	12	12
13	13	13	13
14	14	14	14
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16	16	16	16
17	17	17	17
18	18	18	18
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93	93	93	93
94	94	94	94
95	95	95	95
96	96	96	96
97	97	97	97
98	98	98	98
99	99	99	99

CONFIDENTIAL - DIRECTOR OF SECRET SERVICE CIRCUMSTANCES

UNCLASSIFIED//
SIGHT INFORMATION
EXCERPT
DATE 07-10-00

INFLOW PMF AND ONE-HALF PMF HYDROGRAPHS

GRAPH DESIGN (ELEM)
1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000
1.0000000000000000

DATE: 07/22.
TIME: 13:47:09.

DATA INSPECTION - MASSQUA
PERIODS DAY (WJ.150191)
ONE AND SE PERCENT PNT

NUC	NMIN	IDAY	IMIN	IPRC	INLT	IPAT	INSTAN
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
76	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
88	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
92	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
96	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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102	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
104	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
108	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
109	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
113	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
115	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
116	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
117	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
118	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
119	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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122	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
123	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
124	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
126	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
127	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
128	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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135	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
136	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
137	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
138	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
139	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
141	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
142	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
143	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
144	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
145	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
146	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
147	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
149	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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168	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
169	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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178	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
179	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
180	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
181	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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183	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
184	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
185	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
186	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
187	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
188	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
189	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
190	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
191	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
192	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
193	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
194	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
196	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
197	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
198	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
199	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
201	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
202	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
203	0	0	0	0	0		

DAY	OPEN	HIGH	LOW	CLOSE	EXCS	LOSS	GAIN	END-OF-PERIOD FUND	MORTGAGE	MS.MN	PL4100	RAIL	FGCS	LOIS	GME	CASH	
																PERCENT	AMOUNT
1-1	405	405	404	404	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	404	12.3%	151	121	160	8310	8310			
1-2	411	412	411	411	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	411	12.4%	152	121	160	8631	8631			
1-3	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	153	121	160	8631	8631			
1-4	404	404	404	404	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	404	12.5%	154	121	160	8660	8660			
1-5	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	155	121	160	8724	8724			
1-6	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	156	121	160	8744	8744			
1-7	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	157	121	160	8754	8754			
1-8	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	158	121	160	9186	9186			
1-9	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	159	125	125	9616	9616			
1-10	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	160	125	125	9986	9986			
1-11	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	161	125	125	10216	10216			
1-12	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	162	125	125	10356	10356			
1-13	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	163	125	125	10436	10436			
1-14	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	164	125	125	10496	10496			
1-15	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	165	125	125	10516	10516			
1-16	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	166	125	125	10536	10536			
1-17	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	167	125	125	10586	10586			
1-18	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	168	125	125	10646	10646			
1-19	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	169	125	125	10666	10666			
1-20	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	170	125	125	11114	11114			
1-21	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	171	125	125	11624	11624			
1-22	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	172	125	125	12274	12274			
1-23	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	173	125	125	12724	12724			
1-24	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	174	125	125	12974	12974			
1-25	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	175	125	125	13294	13294			
1-26	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	176	125	125	13474	13474			
1-27	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	177	125	125	13514	13514			
1-28	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	178	125	125	13584	13584			
1-29	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	179	125	125	13664	13664			
1-30	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	180	125	125	13724	13724			
1-31	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	181	125	125	13944	13944			
2-1	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	182	125	125	14244	14244			
2-2	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	183	125	125	14314	14314			
2-3	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	184	125	125	14374	14374			
2-4	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	185	125	125	14424	14424			
2-5	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	186	125	125	14664	14664			
2-6	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	187	125	125	14724	14724			
2-7	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	188	125	125	14794	14794			
2-8	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	189	125	125	14864	14864			
2-9	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	190	125	125	14934	14934			
2-10	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	191	125	125	15004	15004			
2-11	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	192	125	125	15074	15074			
2-12	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	193	125	125	15144	15144			
2-13	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	194	125	125	15214	15214			
2-14	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	195	125	125	15284	15284			
2-15	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	196	125	125	15354	15354			
2-16	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	197	125	125	15424	15424			
2-17	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	198	125	125	15494	15494			
2-18	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	199	125	125	15564	15564			
2-19	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	200	125	125	15634	15634			
2-20	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	201	125	125	15704	15704			
2-21	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	202	125	125	15774	15774			
2-22	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	203	125	125	15844	15844			
2-23	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	204	125	125	15914	15914			
2-24	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	205	125	125	15984	15984			
2-25	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	206	125	125	16054	16054			
2-26	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	207	125	125	16124	16124			
2-27	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	208	125	125	16194	16194			
2-28	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	209	125	125	16264	16264			
2-29	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	210	125	125	16334	16334			
2-30	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	211	125	125	16404	16404			
2-31	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	212	125	125	16474	16474			
3-1	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	213	125	125	16544	16544			
3-2	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	214	125	125	16614	16614			
3-3	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	215	125	125	16684	16684			
3-4	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	216	125	125	16754	16754			
3-5	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	217	125	125	16824	16824			
3-6	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	218	125	125	16894	16894			
3-7	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	219	125	125	16964	16964			
3-8	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	220	125	125	17034	17034			
3-9	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	221	125	125	17104	17104			
3-10	405	405	405	405	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	405	12.5%	222	125	125	17174	17174			
3-11	405	405	405	405													

	PEAK	0-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME	PLAN 1 RTIC 2
PEAKS	5020	1953	455	447	34627	
CW	175	41	13	12	7715	
CHIEFS	2457	4144	314	3146	3146	
EV	24917	79567	75949	75949	75949	
SCFT	726	921	921	921	921	
THOUS. CUF	16	16	16	16	16	
						1139.

PHOTOGRAPH AT STA 1005 FOR PLAN 1 RTIC 2

	287	286	285	284	283	282	281	280	279	278	277	276	275	274	273	272	271	270	269	268	267	266	265	264	263	262	261	260	259	258	257	256	255	254	253	252	251	250	249	248	247	246	245	244	243	242	241	240	239	238	237	236	235	234	233	232	231	230	229	228	227	226	225	224	223	222	221	220	219	218	217	216	215	214	213	212	211	210	209	208	207	206	205	204	203	202	201	200	199	198	197	196	195	194	193	192	191	190	189	188	187	186	185	184	183	182	181	180	179	178	177	176	175	174	173	172	171	170	169	168	167	166	165	164	163	162	161	160	159	158	157	156	155	154	153	152	151	150	149	148	147	146	145	144	143	142	141	140	139	138	137	136	135	134	133	132	131	130	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	119	118	117	116	115	114	113	112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	64	63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
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PMF AND ONE-HALF PMF ROUTING

234	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.	32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.	39.	40.	41.	42.	43.	44.	45.	46.	47.	48.	49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.	56.	57.	58.	59.	60.	61.	62.	63.	64.	65.	66.	67.	68.	69.	70.	71.	72.	73.	74.	75.	76.	77.	78.	79.	80.	81.	82.	83.	84.	85.	86.	87.	88.	89.	90.	91.	92.	93.	94.	95.	96.	97.	98.	99.	100.

Questa è una delle più belle pagine del libro.

HYDROCARBONS

STATE	INCOMP.	INTERF.	TRAP	DRY	DUST	LEATH.	LEAVES	LEAVES
INDIA	100%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PUNJAB	40%	40%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
RAJASTHAN	50%	30%	20%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
GUJARAT	40%	40%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%

DATA SHEET
C300 - PFC CAPACITOR
2.71 uF 200VDC 5.0 uH
STANDBY 10514, P/N #43110-1

OUTLINE

SD-A104 621

CONSOER TOWNSEND AND ASSOCIATES LTD ST LOUIS MO

NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM. PERRY PHILIPS DAM (MO10019) MISSOURI ETC(U)

SEP 60 W G SHIFRIN

F/6 13/13

DACW43-60-C-0094

NL

UNCLASSIFIED

2 of 2

RECORDED

END
DATE FILMED
40-81
DTIC

END
DATE FILMED
40-81
DTIC

OUTFLUXES - 1977-87 - 15002 HOURS

卷之三

DRAFT - 05/07/2013 Page 333 of 433 Page Number 5

	NAME	U9	72-1000 ²	TOTAL VOLUME
191.0		4.150	4.170	12564.2
9.9		1.12	1.17	35.5
236.6		20.51	20.51	65.5
65.97		74.66	74.66	16.65
		65.6	66.0	16.5
		1.167	1.167	1.167

THE JOURNAL OF CLIMATE

SUMMARY OF PMF AND ONE-HALF PMF FLOOD ROUTING

APPENDIX B: SUMMARY OF INDIVIDUAL PLANNING ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS

quantum mechanics, it is not clear what the physical interpretation of the wave function is.

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

ELEVATION OF GATE OR SPILLWAY	INITIAL WATER LEVEL	SPILLWAY CREST FEET. O. F. TIDE	TIME OF FAILURE	MAXIMUM PERIODIC DISCHARGE CFS.		TIME OF FAILURE CFS.	TIME OF OVERFLOW HOURS	TIME OF OVERFLOW HOURS	TIME OF OVERFLOW HOURS
				FEET.	INCHES				
100.00	70.450	100.00	100.00	36.0	0.0	36.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
100.00	70.450	100.00	100.00	36.0	0.0	36.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

PERCENT OF PMF FLOOD ROUTING
EQUAL TO SPILLWAY CAPACITY

PROVISIONS FOR SURFACE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS

POLYCHY HYDROGRAPH AT
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO
END OF NETWORK

18019

18013

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NO.	NAME	SEX	AGE	DEATH CERTIFICATE	TESTIMONY	TESTIMONY	TESTIMONY	TESTIMONY
1	WILLIAM H. COOPER	M	50	COOPER, WILLIAM H., 50, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, WILLIAM H., 50, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, WILLIAM H., 50, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, WILLIAM H., 50, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, WILLIAM H., 50, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.
2	CHARLES COOPER	M	20	COOPER, CHARLES, 20, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, CHARLES, 20, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, CHARLES, 20, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, CHARLES, 20, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, CHARLES, 20, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.
3	ELIZABETH COOPER	F	50	COOPER, ELIZABETH, 50, F., died Dec. 20, 1900, at her residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, ELIZABETH, 50, F., died Dec. 20, 1900, at her residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, ELIZABETH, 50, F., died Dec. 20, 1900, at her residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, ELIZABETH, 50, F., died Dec. 20, 1900, at her residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, ELIZABETH, 50, F., died Dec. 20, 1900, at her residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.
4	JOHN COOPER	M	25	COOPER, JOHN, 25, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, JOHN, 25, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, JOHN, 25, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, JOHN, 25, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.	COOPER, JOHN, 25, M., died Dec. 20, 1900, at his residence, 102 W. Main St., Marion, Indiana.

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THEORY OF ELECTROSTATIC CHARGE TRANSFERS

—SPE —

LOSS = $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \text{LOSS}_i$

CUM 7.37 31.48 699 134.015.
 (82.31 6006) 2801 744.088)

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MEAN DRAFTLOW IS 1.6025 MTRS AT TIME 15.25 HOURS

113407 houses

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THE CHINESE IN SINGAPORE 183

RECEIVED OUTLES IN THE STATE OF ILLINOIS
FOR 1000 HOURS

**PLANTATION ECO-SOCIAL COMBINATIONS
IN SOUTHERN CHINA: A CASE STUDY FROM HUANGSHI, HUNAN PROVINCE**

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLAN 1	ELEVATION STORAGE LEVEL	INITIAL VALUE	CAPILLARY CRIT.	TOP OF DAM
		in. 490	765.56	771.50
1	MAXIMUM SILVERSON LEVEL	MAXIMUM STORAG. LEVEL	MAXIMUM CUTLINE LEVEL	TIME OF OVER TOP HOURS
2	OF SILVERSON LEVEL	OF STORAG. LEVEL	OF CUTLINE LEVEL	TIME OF OVERFLOW HOURS
3	PH:	PH:	PH:	PH:
4	773.477	0.633	1.54	17.33
5	773.478	0.633	1.54	17.33
6	770.98	0.55	1.47	17.33
7	770.98	0.55	1.47	17.33
8	770.98	0.55	1.47	17.33
9	770.98	0.55	1.47	17.33
10	770.98	0.55	1.47	17.33
11	770.98	0.55	1.47	17.33
12	770.98	0.55	1.47	17.33
13	770.98	0.55	1.47	17.33

HEC-2 INPUT AND SUMMARY TABLE

RECORDED AND INDEXED
BY THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS
MAY 1941

SAFETY SERVICES

BRITAIN - 1945-1946

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1990-91 1991-92 1992-93 1993-94 1994-95

$\Delta \lambda = 0$, $\Delta \phi = 0$, $\Delta \theta = 0$

6. 210. 4
7. 210. 5
8. 210. 6

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RELEASE DATE 7/17/1974
YEAR CODE - 1000
COEFFICIENT = 50.11015

NOTE: ACTUAL (x) AT LEFT OF CHART SECTION NUMBER IN LOCATES CONTACT (x) SURFACE OF FROZEN LIFT
SUBPART PRINCIPAL

FROZEN LIFTING COEFFICIENTS
SUBPART PRINCIPAL

SECNO	DEPTH	1000	1014	1018	1022	1026	1030	1034	1038	1042	1046	1050	1054	1058	1062	1066	1070	1074	1078	1082	1086	1090	1094	1098	1102	1106	1110	1114	1118	1122	1126	1130	1134	1138	1142	1146	1150	1154	1158	1162	1166	1170	1174	1178	1182	1186	1190	1194	1198	1202	1206	1210	1214	1218	1222	1226	1230	1234	1238	1242	1246	1250	1254	1258	1262	1266	1270	1274	1278	1282	1286	1290	1294	1298	1302	1306	1310	1314	1318	1322	1326	1330	1334	1338	1342	1346	1350	1354	1358	1362	1366	1370	1374	1378	1382	1386	1390	1394	1398	1402	1406	1410	1414	1418	1422	1426	1430	1434	1438	1442	1446	1450	1454	1458	1462	1466	1470	1474	1478	1482	1486	1490	1494	1498	1502	1506	1510	1514	1518	1522	1526	1530	1534	1538	1542	1546	1550	1554	1558	1562	1566	1570	1574	1578	1582	1586	1590	1594	1598	1602	1606	1610	1614	1618	1622	1626	1630	1634	1638	1642	1646	1650	1654	1658	1662	1666	1670	1674	1678	1682	1686	1690	1694	1698	1702	1706	1710	1714	1718	1722	1726	1730	1734	1738	1742	1746	1750	1754	1758	1762	1766	1770	1774	1778	1782	1786	1790	1794	1798	1802	1806	1810	1814	1818	1822	1826	1830	1834	1838	1842	1846	1850	1854	1858	1862	1866	1870	1874	1878	1882	1886	1890	1894	1898	1902	1906	1910	1914	1918	1922	1926	1930	1934	1938	1942	1946	1950	1954	1958	1962	1966	1970	1974	1978	1982	1986	1990	1994	1998	2002	2006	2010	2014	2018	2022	2026	2030	2034	2038	2042	2046	2050	2054	2058	2062	2066	2070	2074	2078	2082	2086	2090	2094	2098	2102	2106	2110	2114	2118	2122	2126	2130	2134	2138	2142	2146	2150	2154	2158	2162	2166	2170	2174	2178	2182	2186	2190	2194	2198	2202	2206	2210	2214	2218	2222	2226	2230	2234	2238	2242	2246	2250	2254	2258	2262	2266	2270	2274	2278	2282	2286	2290	2294	2298	2302	2306	2310	2314	2318	2322	2326	2330	2334	2338	2342	2346	2350	2354	2358	2362	2366	2370	2374	2378	2382	2386	2390	2394	2398	2402	2406	2410	2414	2418	2422	2426	2430	2434	2438	2442	2446	2450	2454	2458	2462	2466	2470	2474	2478	2482	2486	2490	2494	2498	2502	2506	2510	2514	2518	2522	2526	2530	2534	2538	2542	2546	2550	2554	2558	2562	2566	2570	2574	2578	2582	2586	2590	2594	2598	2602	2606	2610	2614	2618	2622	2626	2630	2634	2638	2642	2646	2650	2654	2658	2662	2666	2670	2674	2678	2682	2686	2690	2694	2698	2702	2706	2710	2714	2718	2722	2726	2730	2734	2738	2742	2746	2750	2754	2758	2762	2766	2770	2774	2778	2782	2786	2790	2794	2798	2802	2806	2810	2814	2818	2822	2826	2830	2834	2838	2842	2846	2850	2854	2858	2862	2866	2870	2874	2878	2882	2886	2890	2894	2898	2902	2906	2910	2914	2918	2922	2926	2930	2934	2938	2942	2946	2950	2954	2958	2962	2966	2970	2974	2978	2982	2986	2990	2994	2998	3002	3006	3010	3014	3018	3022	3026	3030	3034	3038	3042	3046	3050	3054	3058	3062	3066	3070	3074	3078	3082	3086	3090	3094	3098	3102	3106	3110	3114	3118	3122	3126	3130	3134	3138	3142	3146	3150	3154	3158	3162	3166	3170	3174	3178	3182	3186	3190	3194	3198	3202	3206	3210	3214	3218	3222	3226	3230	3234	3238	3242	3246	3250	3254	3258	3262	3266	3270	3274	3278	3282	3286	3290	3294	3298	3302	3306	3310	3314	3318	3322	3326	3330	3334	3338	3342	3346	3350	3354	3358	3362	3366	3370	3374	3378	3382	3386	3390	3394	3398	3402	3406	3410	3414	3418	3422	3426	3430	3434	3438	3442	3446	3450	3454	3458	3462	3466	3470	3474	3478	3482	3486	3490	3494	3498	3502	3506	3510	3514	3518	3522	3526	3530	3534	3538	3542	3546	3550	3554	3558	3562	3566	3570	3574	3578	3582	3586	3590	3594	3598	3602	3606	3610	3614	3618	3622	3626	3630	3634	3638	3642	3646	3650	3654	3658	3662	3666	3670	3674	3678	3682	3686	3690	3694	3698	3702	3706	3710	3714	3718	3722	3726	3730	3734	3738	3742	3746	3750	3754	3758	3762	3766	3770	3774	3778	3782	3786	3790	3794	3798	3802	3806	3810	3814	3818	3822	3826	3830	3834	3838	3842	3846	3850	3854	3858	3862	3866	3870	3874	3878	3882	3886	3890	3894	3898	3902	3906	3910	3914	3918	3922	3926	3930	3934	3938	3942	3946	3950	3954	3958	3962	3966	3970	3974	3978	3982	3986	3990	3994	3998	4002	4006	4010	4014	4018	4022	4026	4030	4034	4038	4042	4046	4050	4054	4058	4062	4066	4070	4074	4078	4082	4086	4090	4094	4098	4102	4106	4110	4114	4118	4122	4126	4130	4134	4138	4142	4146	4150	4154	4158	4162	4166	4170	4174	4178	4182	4186	4190	4194	4198	4202	4206	4210	4214	4218	4222	4226	4230	4234	4238	4242	4246	4250	4254	4258	4262	4266	4270	4274	4278	4282	4286	4290	4294	4298	4302	4306	4310	4314	4318	4322	4326	4330	4334	4338	4342	4346	4350	4354	4358	4362	4366	4370	4374	4378	4382	4386	4390	4394	4398	4402	4406	4410	4414	4418	4422	4426	4430	4434	4438	4442	4446	4450	4454	4458	4462	4466	4470	4474	4478	4482	4486	4490	4494	4498	4502	4506	4510	4514	4518	4522	4526	4530	4534	4538	4542	4546	4550	4554	4558	4562	4566	4570	4574	4578	4582	4586	4590	4594	4598	4602	4606	4610	4614	4618	4622	4626	4630	4634	4638	4642	4646	4650	4654	4658	4662	4666	4670	4674	4678	4682	4686	4690	4694	4698	4702	4706	4710	4714	4718	4722	4726	4730	4734	4738	4742	4746	4750	4754	4758	4762	4766	4770	4774	4778	4782	4786	4790	4794	4798	4802	4806	4810	4814	4818	4822	4826	4830	4834	4838	4842	4846	4850	4854	4858	4862	4866	4870	4874	4878	4882	4886	4890	4894	4898	4902	4906	4910	4914	4918	4922	4926	4930	4934	4938	4942	4946	4950	4954	4958	4962	4966	4970	4974	4978	4982	4986	4990	4994	499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